



FlowCloak: Defeating Middlebox-Bypass Attacks in Software-Defined Networking

Kai Bu¹, Yutian Yang¹, Zixuan Guo¹, Yuanyuan Yang², Xing Li¹, Shigeng Zhang³

¹Zhejiang University

²Stony Brook University

³Central South University



Middlebox

Middlebox: Pain Spot in modern networks

- Needs

Varieties of functions: Security & Performance

Widely deployed: A third of network devices

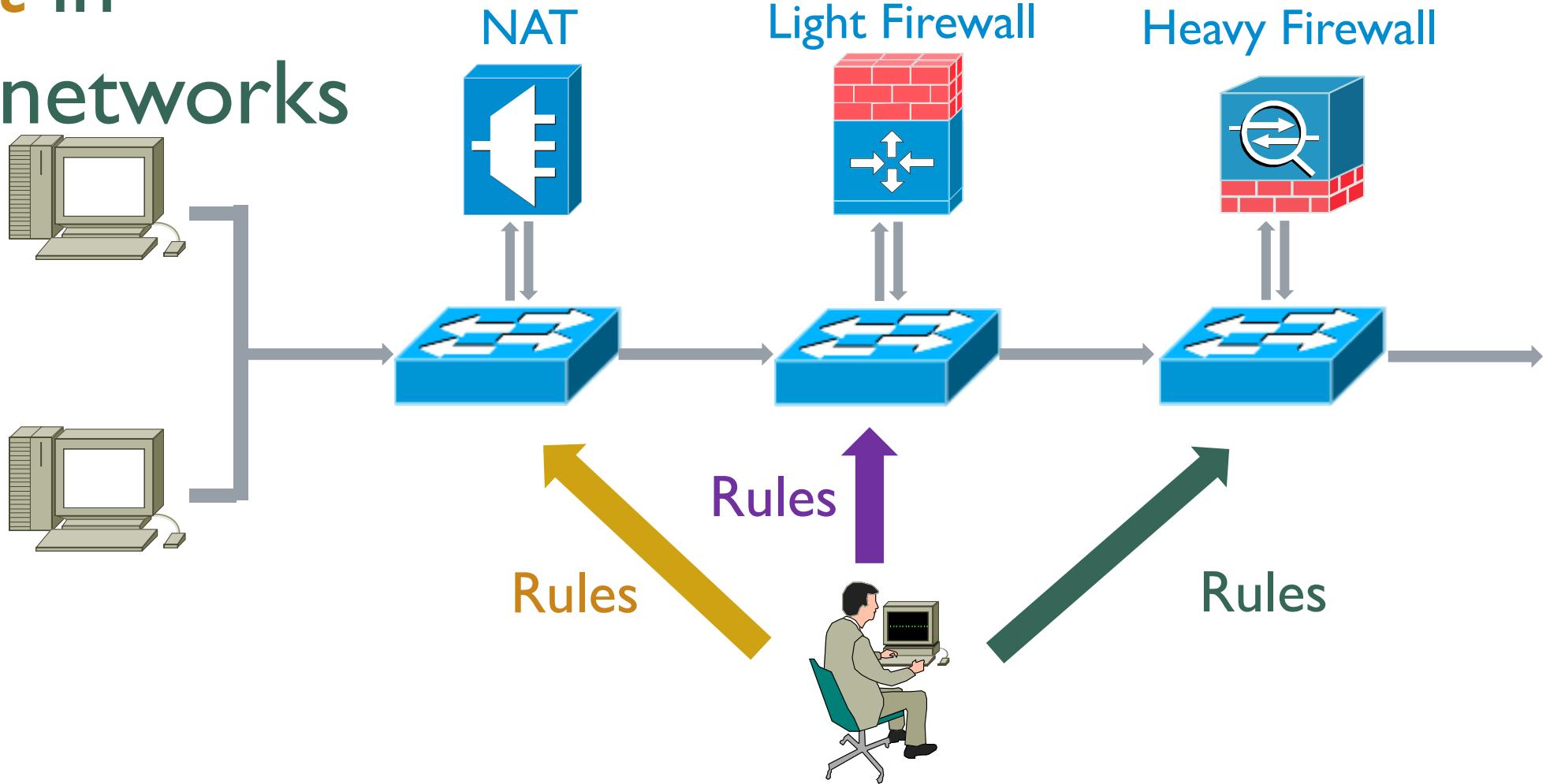
- Troubles

Deployment and configuration:
Complex & Error-prone

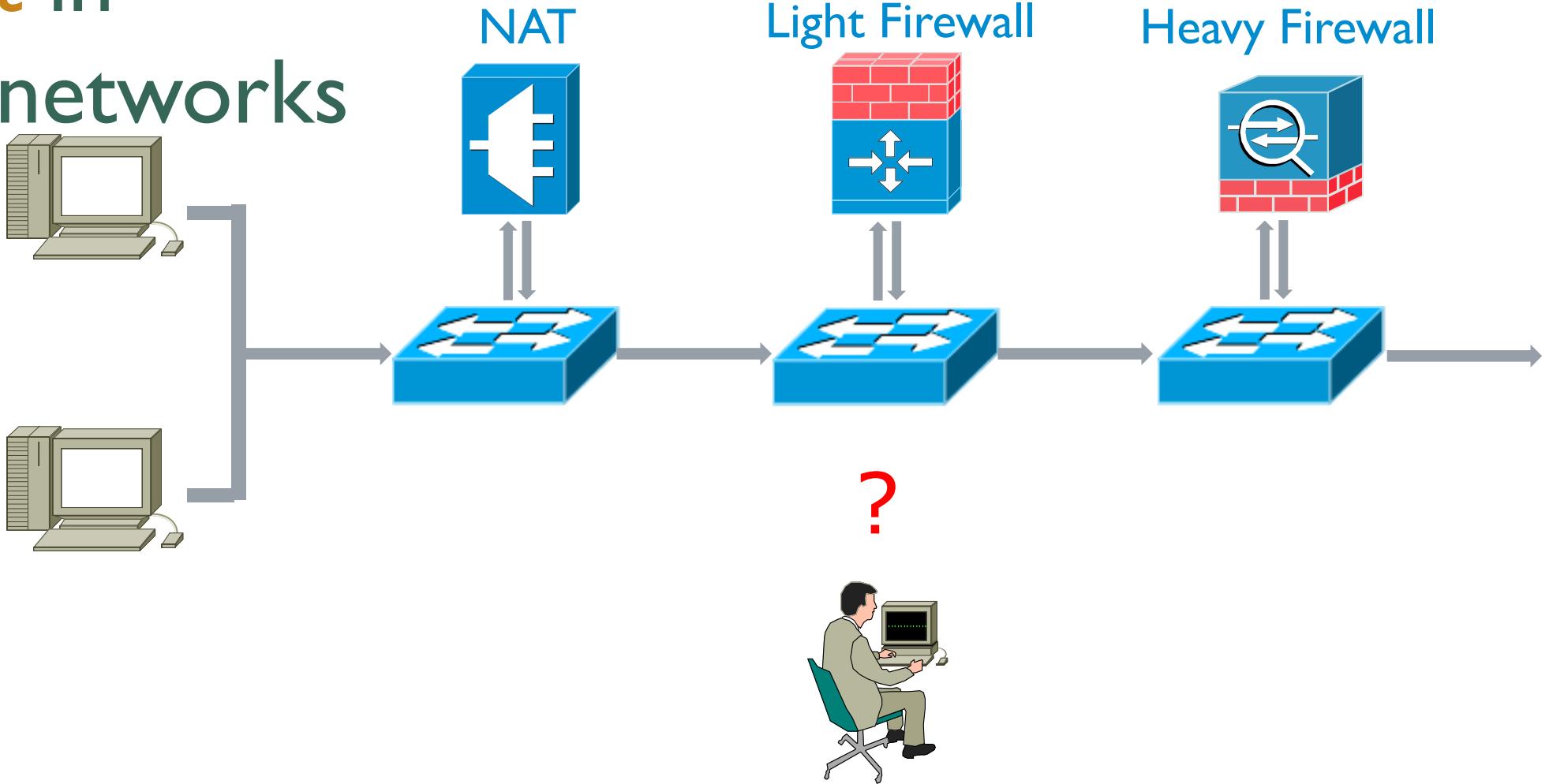
Costs: Personnel, Money, Time

Middlebox: Pain Spot in modern networks

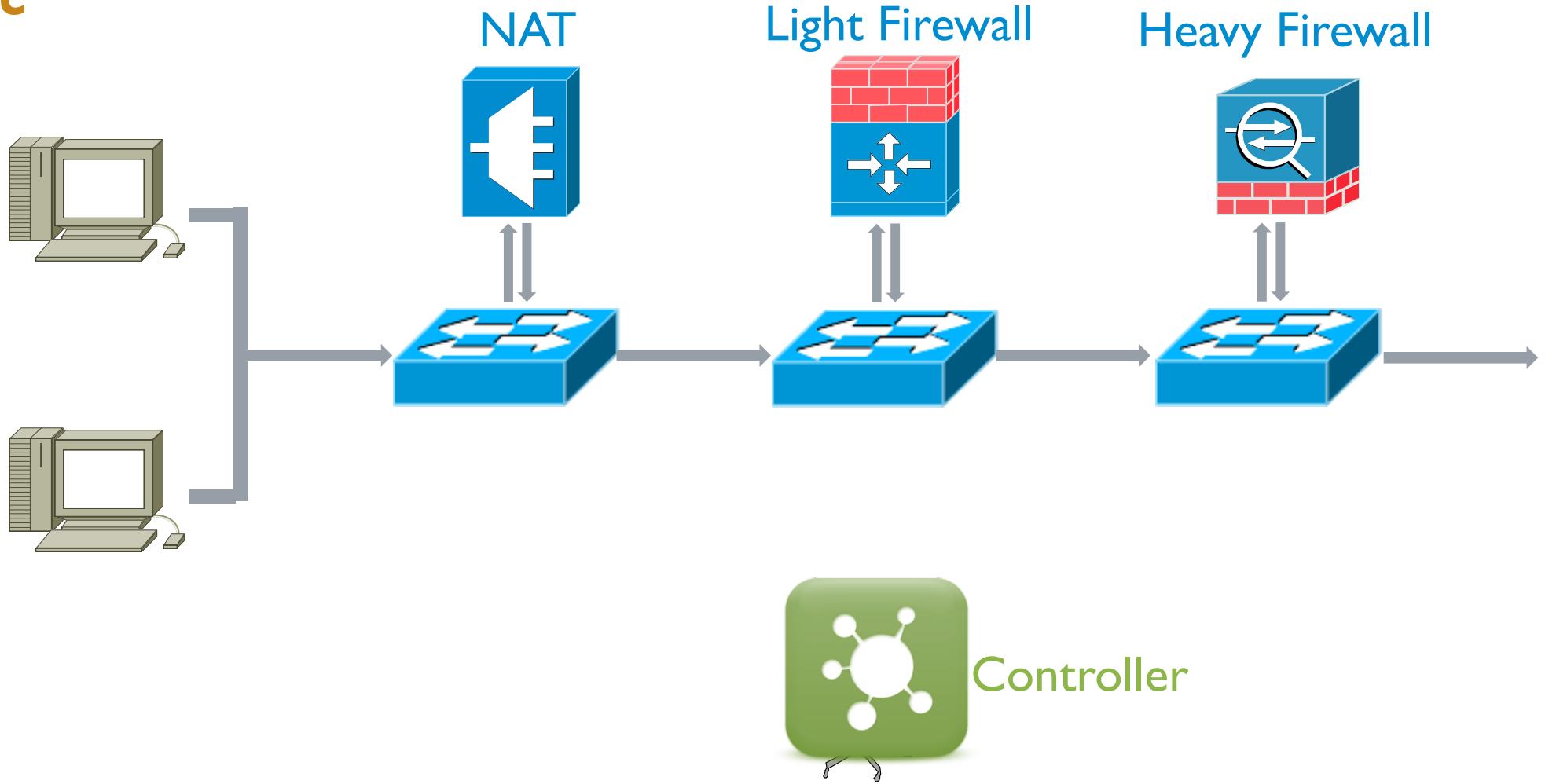
Middlebox: Pain Spot in modern networks



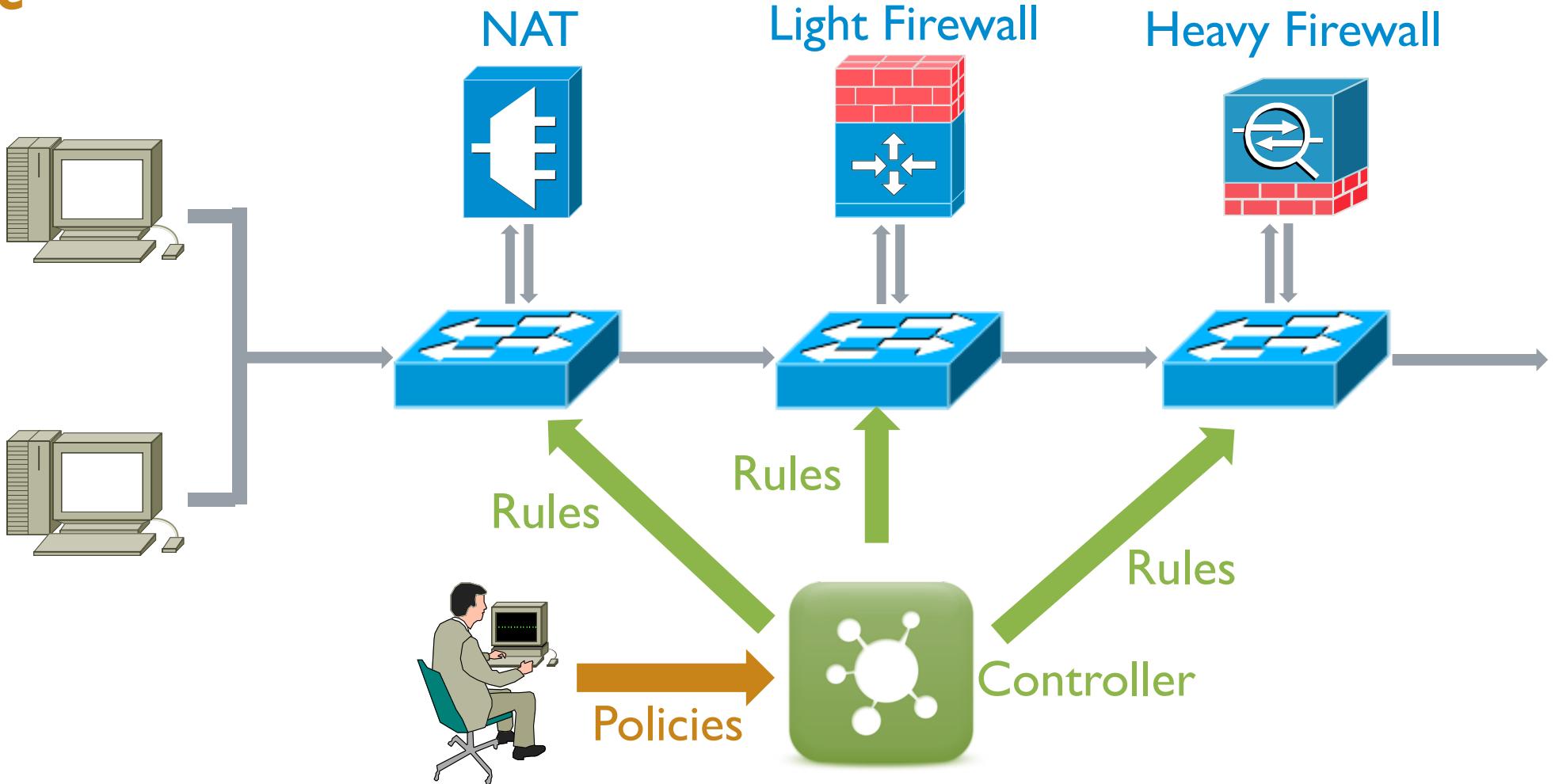
Middlebox: Pain Spot in modern networks



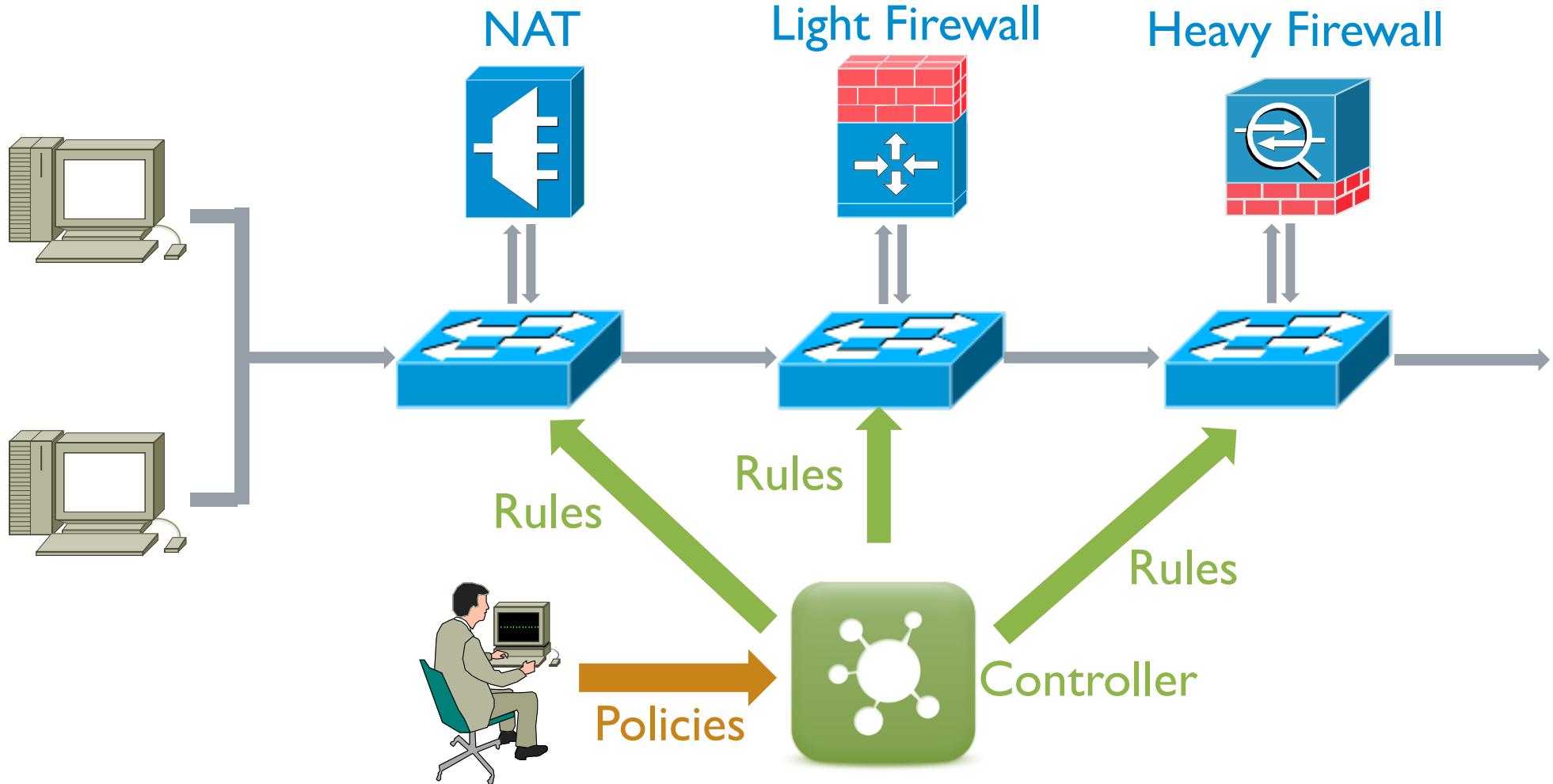
Middlebox: Pain Spot SDN



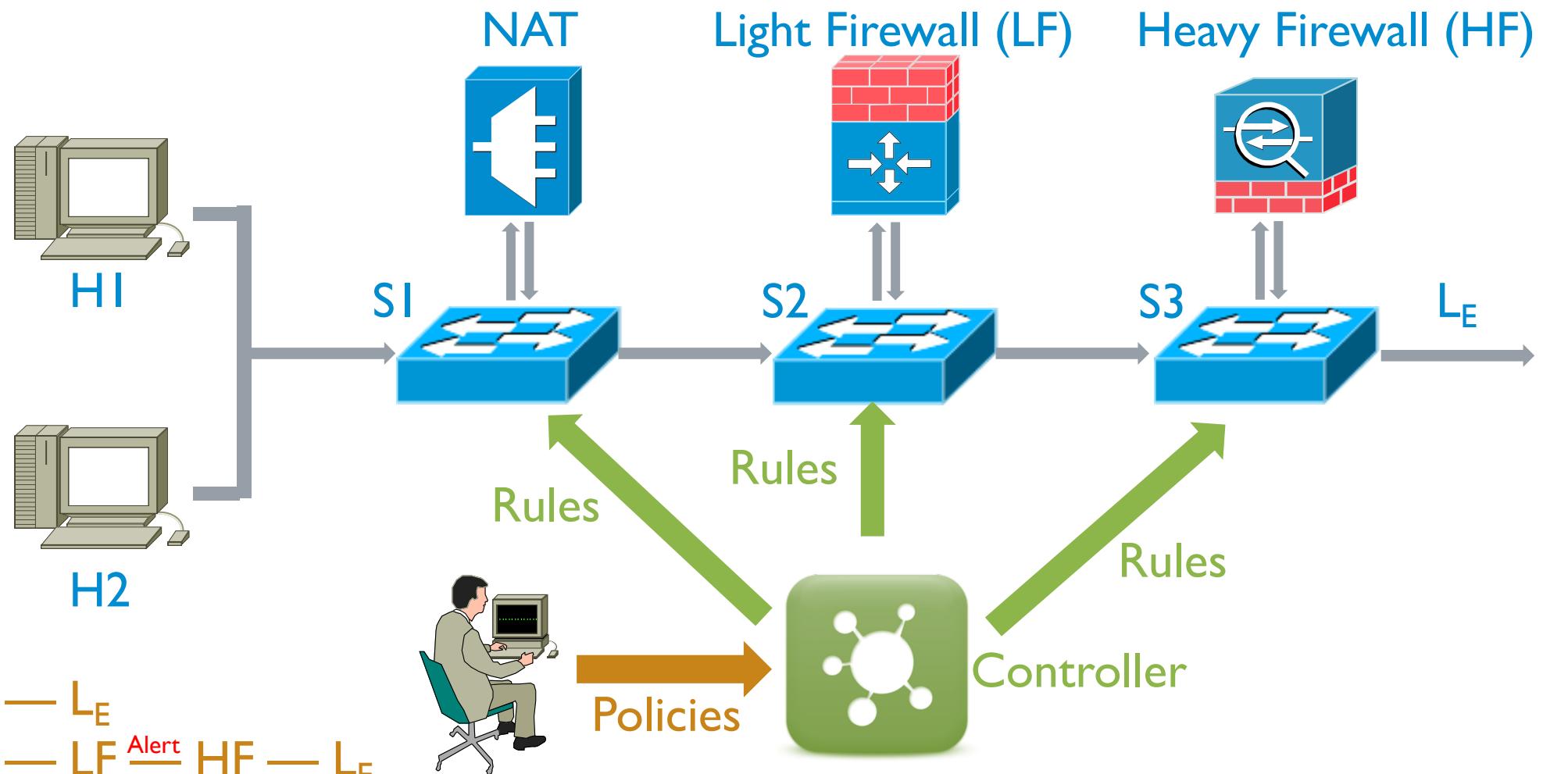
Middlebox: Pain Spot SDN



Middlebox meets SDN

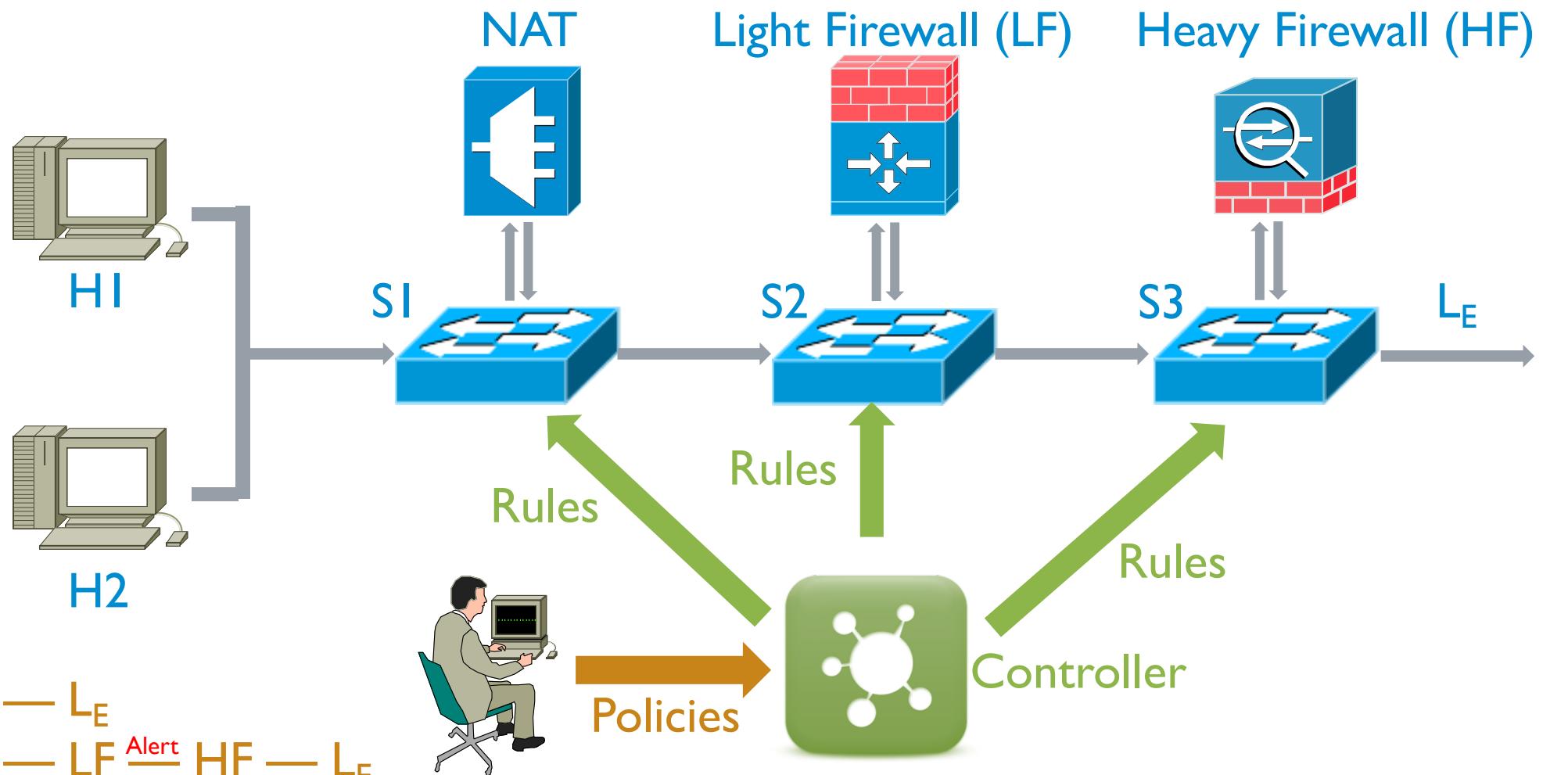


Middlebox meets SDN



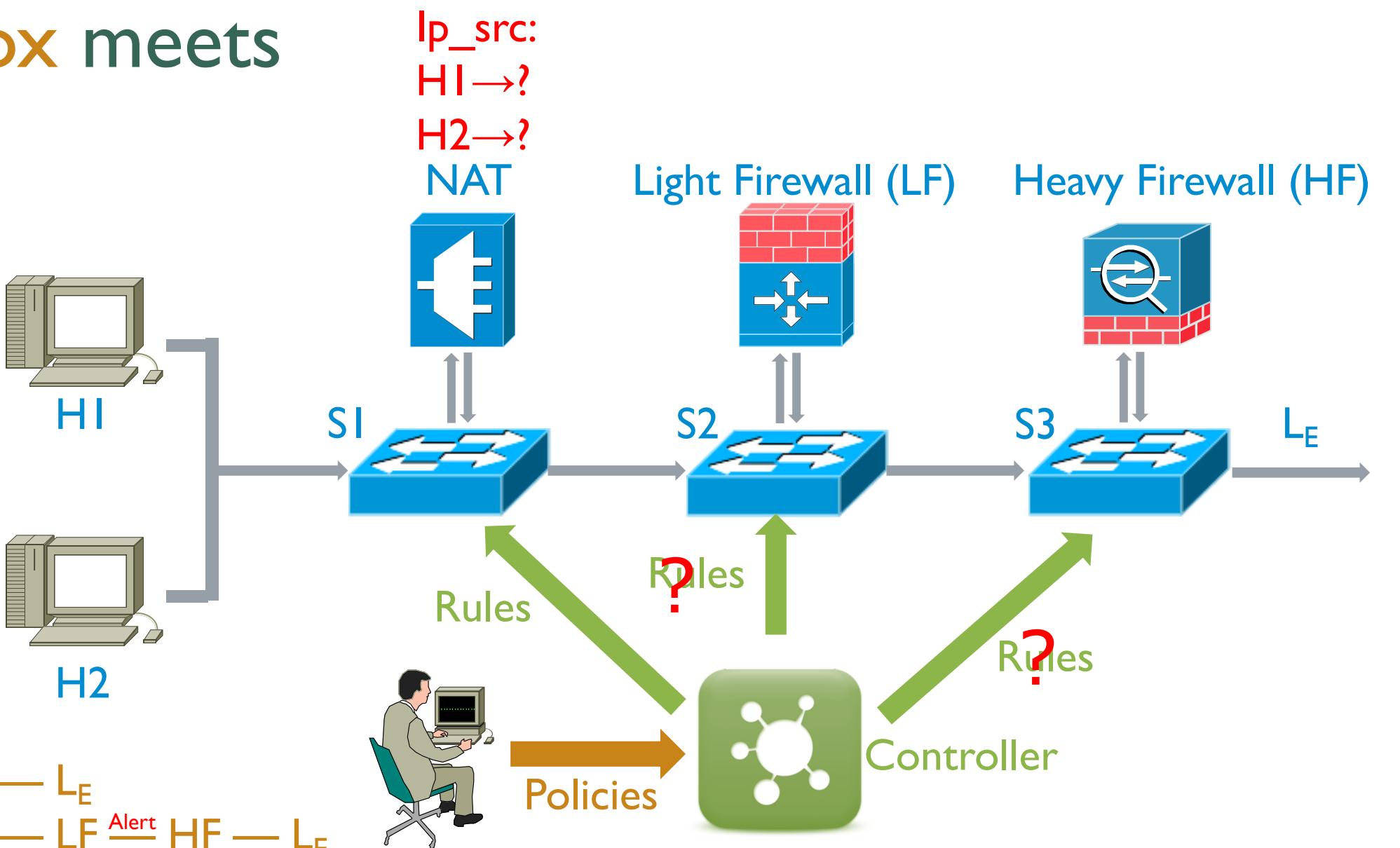
Forwarding Ambiguity

Middlebox meets SDN



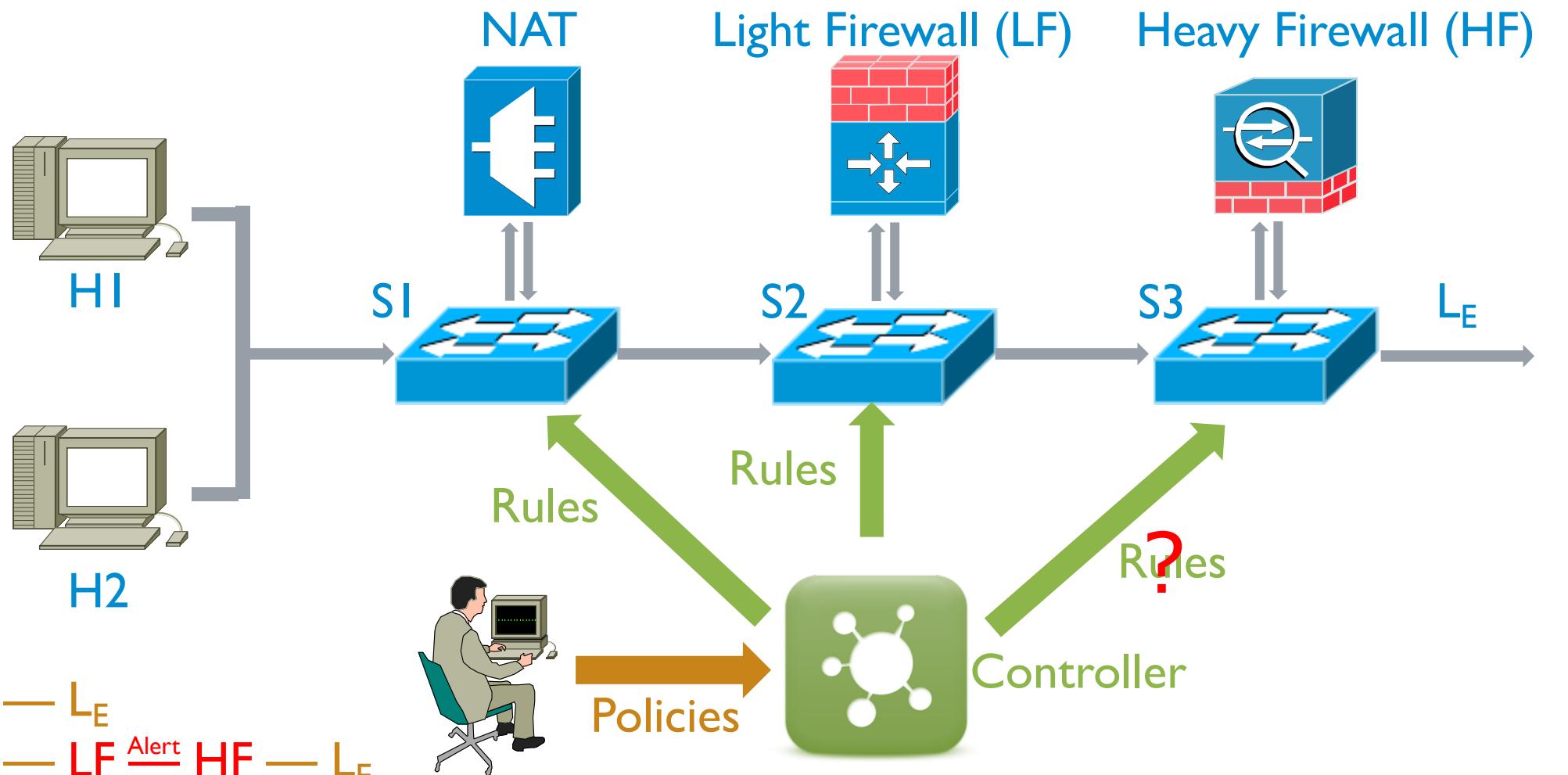
Forwarding Ambiguity

Middlebox meets SDN



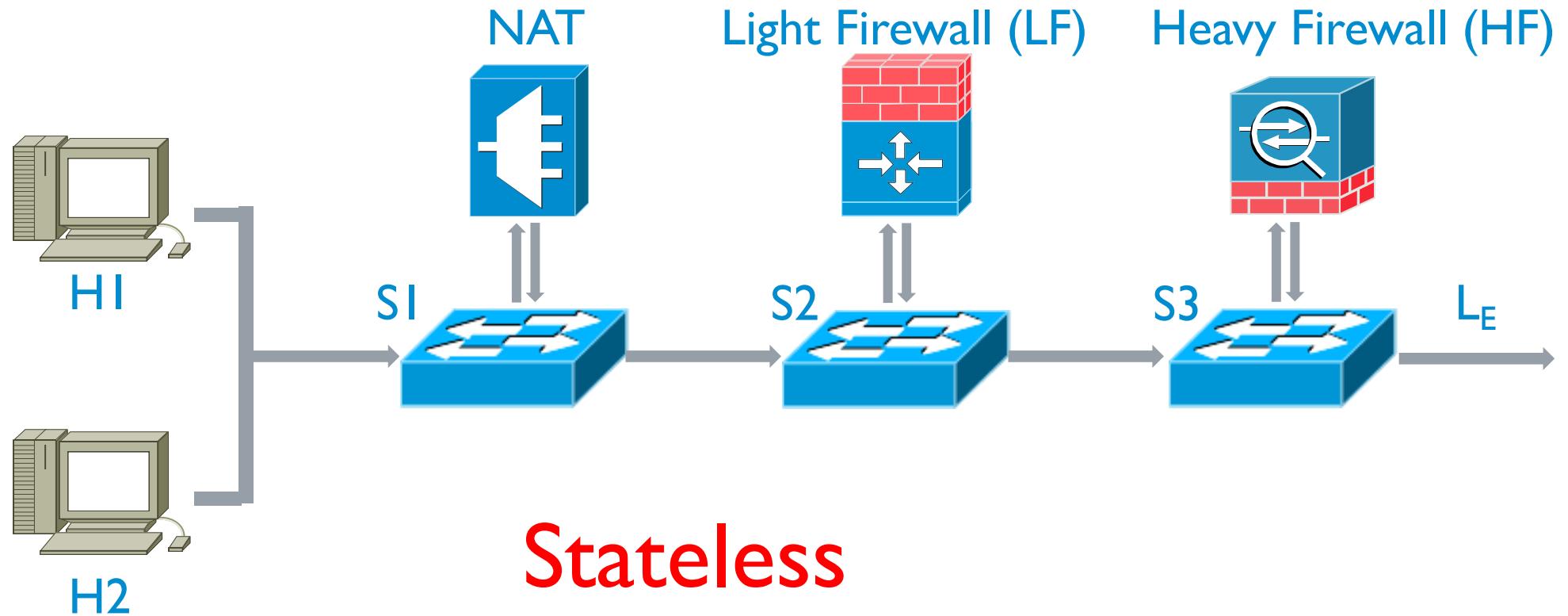
Forwarding Ambiguity

Middlebox meets SDN



Forwarding Ambiguity

Middlebox meets SDN

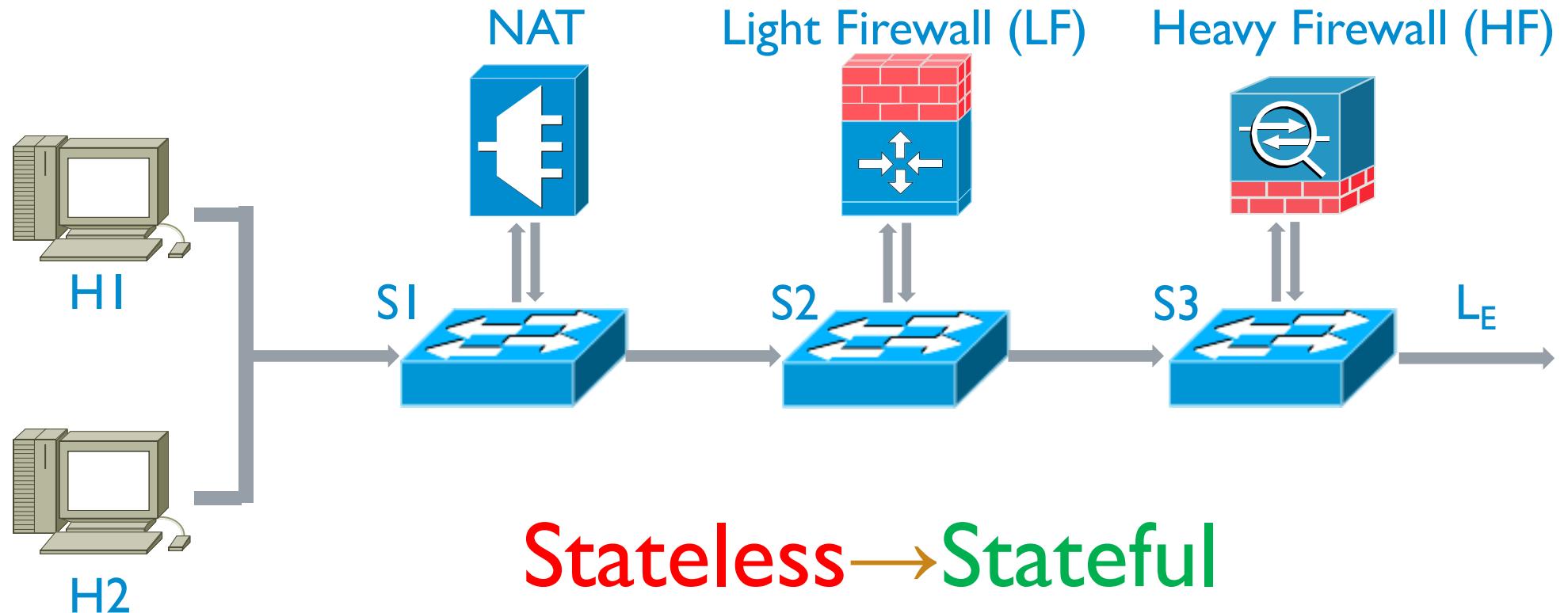


Stateless

Policies:

- (1) **H1 — NAT — L_E**
- (2) **H2 — NAT — LF — HF — L_E**

Middlebox meets SDN



Stateless → Stateful

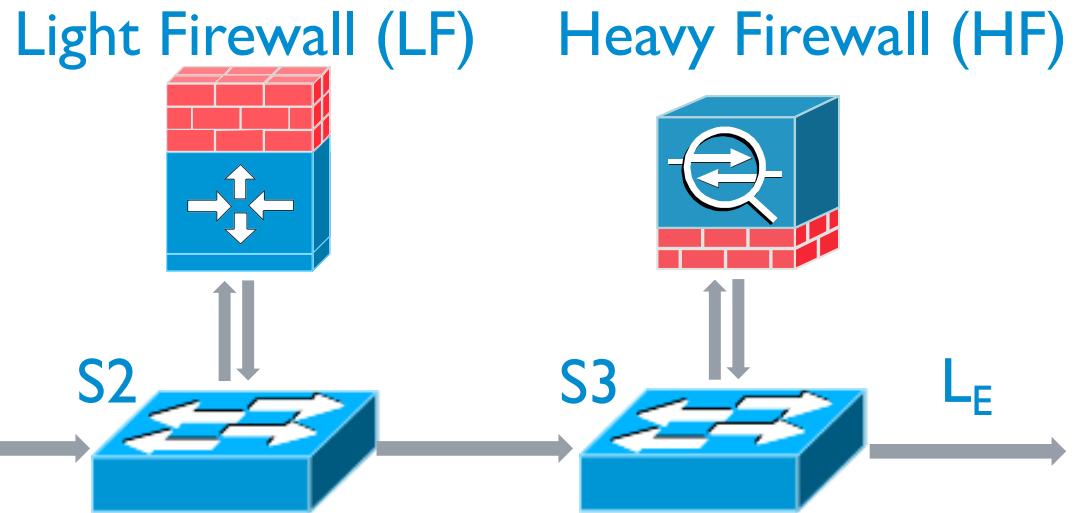
Policies:

(1) H1 — NAT — L_E

(2) H2 — NAT — LF ^{Alert} HF — L_E

Middlebox meets SDN

Switch	Some Crucial Rules	
	Matching	Action
S2	tag=<src:H2, NAT>, interface=S2:S1	fwd(LF)
S2	tag=<src:H1,NAT>, interface=S2:S1	fwd(S3)
S3	tag=<src:H2, LF, alert>, interface=S3:S2	fwd(HF)
S3	tag=<src:H2, LF, pass> Interface=S3:S2	fwd(L_E)



Flowtags [NSDI '14]
Stateful Tags on packet header

Policies:

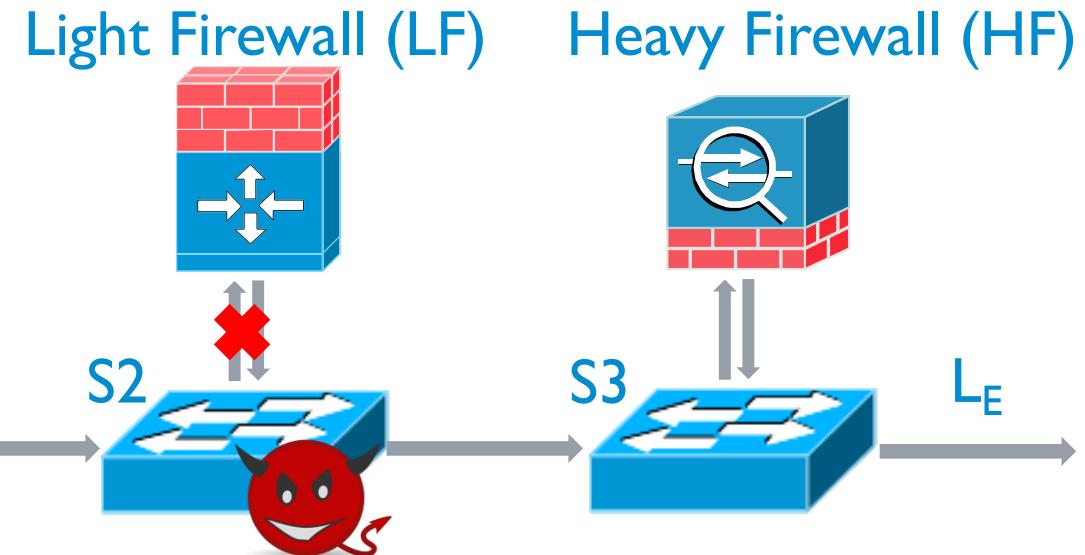
(1) H1 — NAT — L_E

(2) H2 — NAT — LF^{Alert} — HF — L_E

Middlebox-Bypass Attacks

SDN

Switch	Some Crucial Rules	
	Matching	Action
S2	tag=<src:H2, NAT>, interface=S2:S1	fwd(LF)
S2	tag=<src:H1,NAT>, interface=S2:S1	fwd(S3)
S3	tag=<src:H2, LF, alert>, interface=S3:S2	fwd(HF)
S3	tag=<src:H2, LF, pass> Interface=S3:S2	fwd(L_E)



Policies:

(1) H1 — NAT — L_E

(2) H2 — NAT — LF ^{Alert} HF — L_E

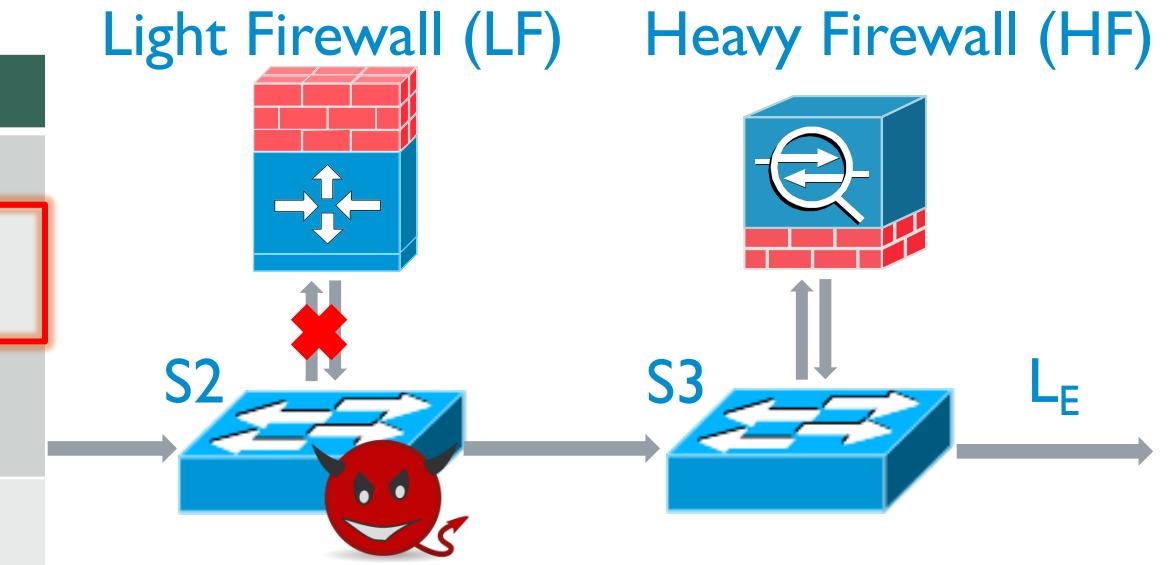
Middlebox-Bypass Attacks

Switch	NAT	
	Matching	Action
S2	tag=<src:H2, NAT>, interface=S2:S1	tag(LF, pass) fwd(HF)
S2	tag=<src:H1,NAT>, interface=S2:S1	fwd(S3)
S3	tag=<src:H2, LF, alert>, interface=S3:S2	fwd(HF)
S3	tag=<src:H2, LF, pass> Interface=S3:S2	fwd(L _E)

Policies:

(1) H1 — NAT — L_E

(2) H2 — NAT — LF^{Alert} HF — L_E



Leads to:

- Severe security breaches
- Performance degradation

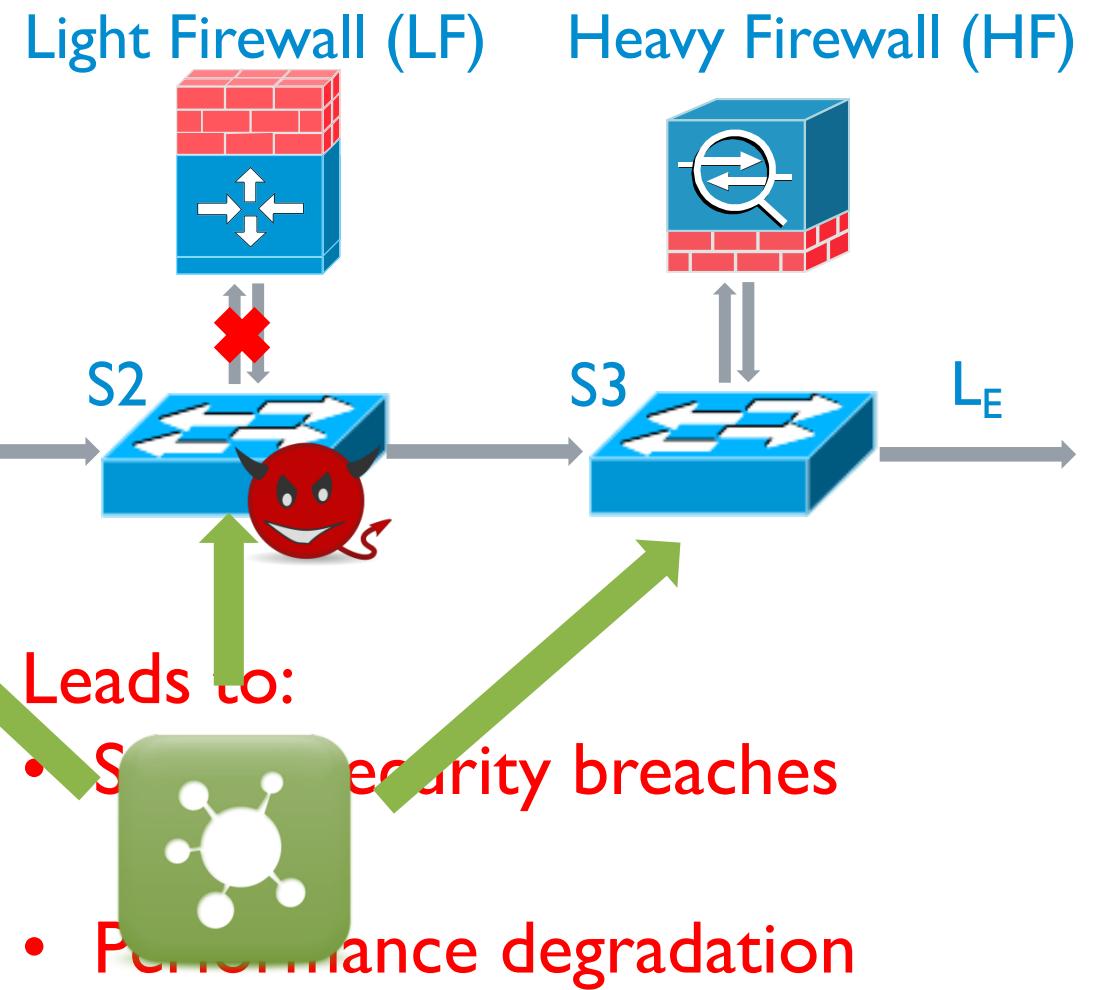
Middlebox-Bypass Attacks: More than Hypothesis

Switch	Some Crucial Rules	
	Matching	Action
S2	tag=<src:H2, NAT>, interface=S2:S1	fwd(LF)
S2	tag=<src:H1,NAT>, interface=S2:S1	fwd(S3)
S3	tag=<src:H2, LF, alert>, interface=S3:S2	fwd(HF)
S3	tag=<src:H2, LF, pass> Interface=S3:S2	fwd(L_E)

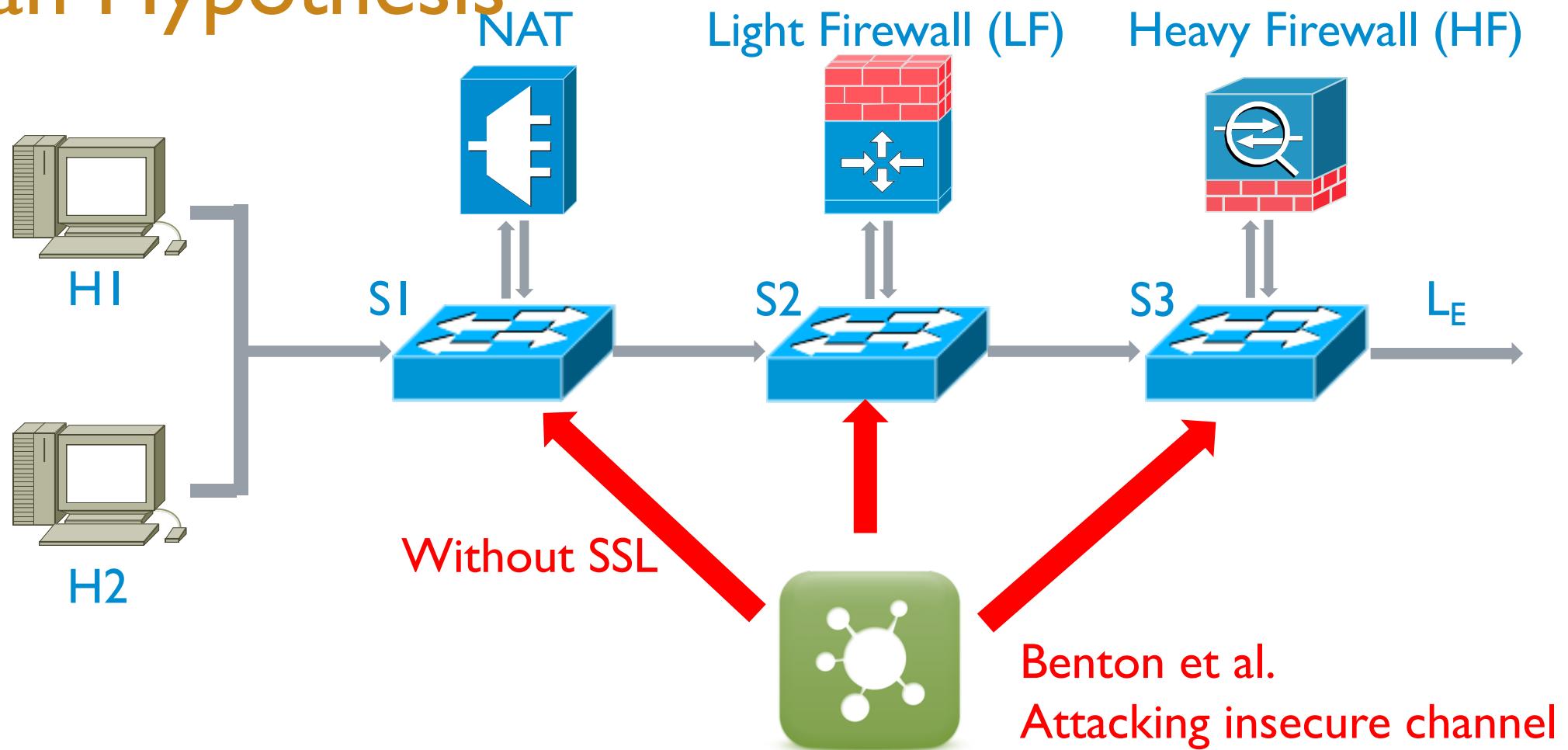
Policies:

(1) H1 — NAT — L_E

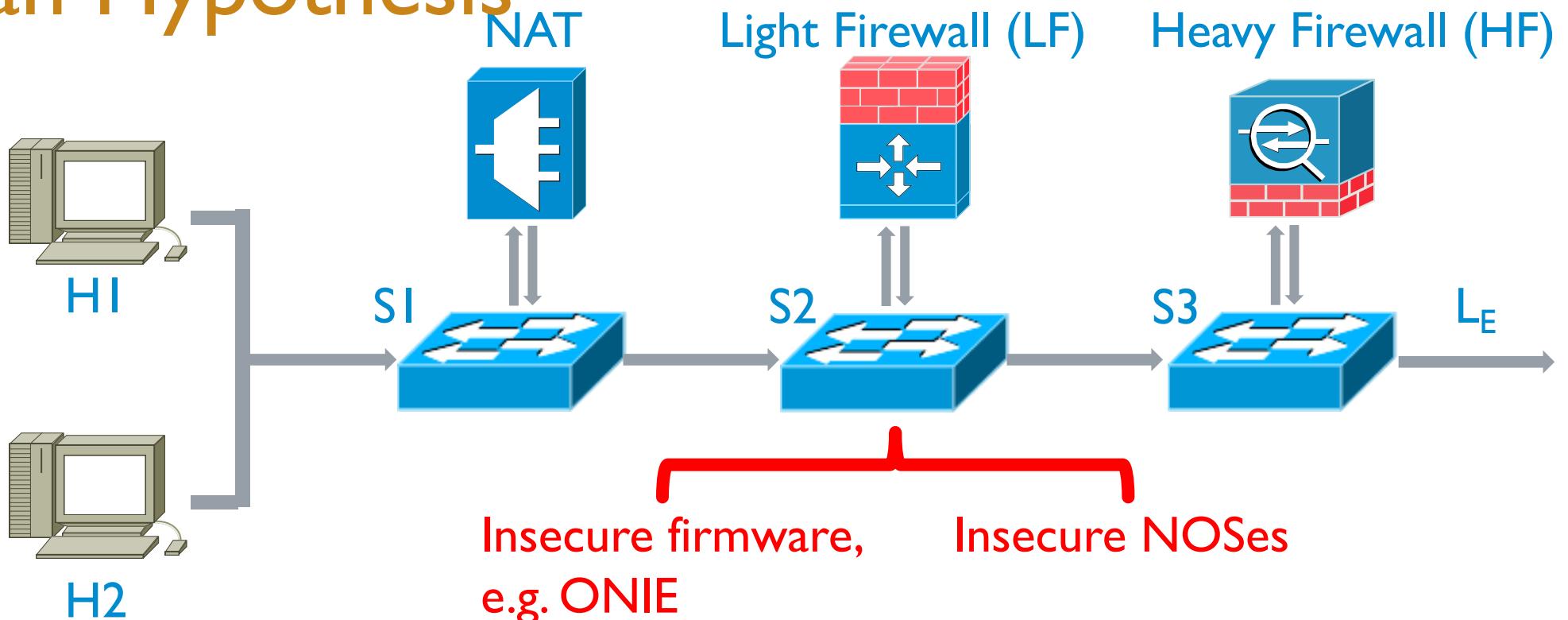
(2) H2 — NAT — LF ^{Alert} HF — L_E



Middlebox-Bypass Attacks: More than Hypothesis



Middlebox-Bypass Attacks: More than Hypothesis



Pickett @ DEFCON

Middlebox-Bypass Attacks: Existing malicious switch detection methods

- Probe-based Methods
 - Blinded by coward-attack
 - Waste valuable control channel bandwidth
- Statistics-based Methods
 - False positive (negative)
 - Waste valuable control channel bandwidth

Middlebox-Bypass Attacks: ~~Existing Secure Methods~~

- Probe-based Methods

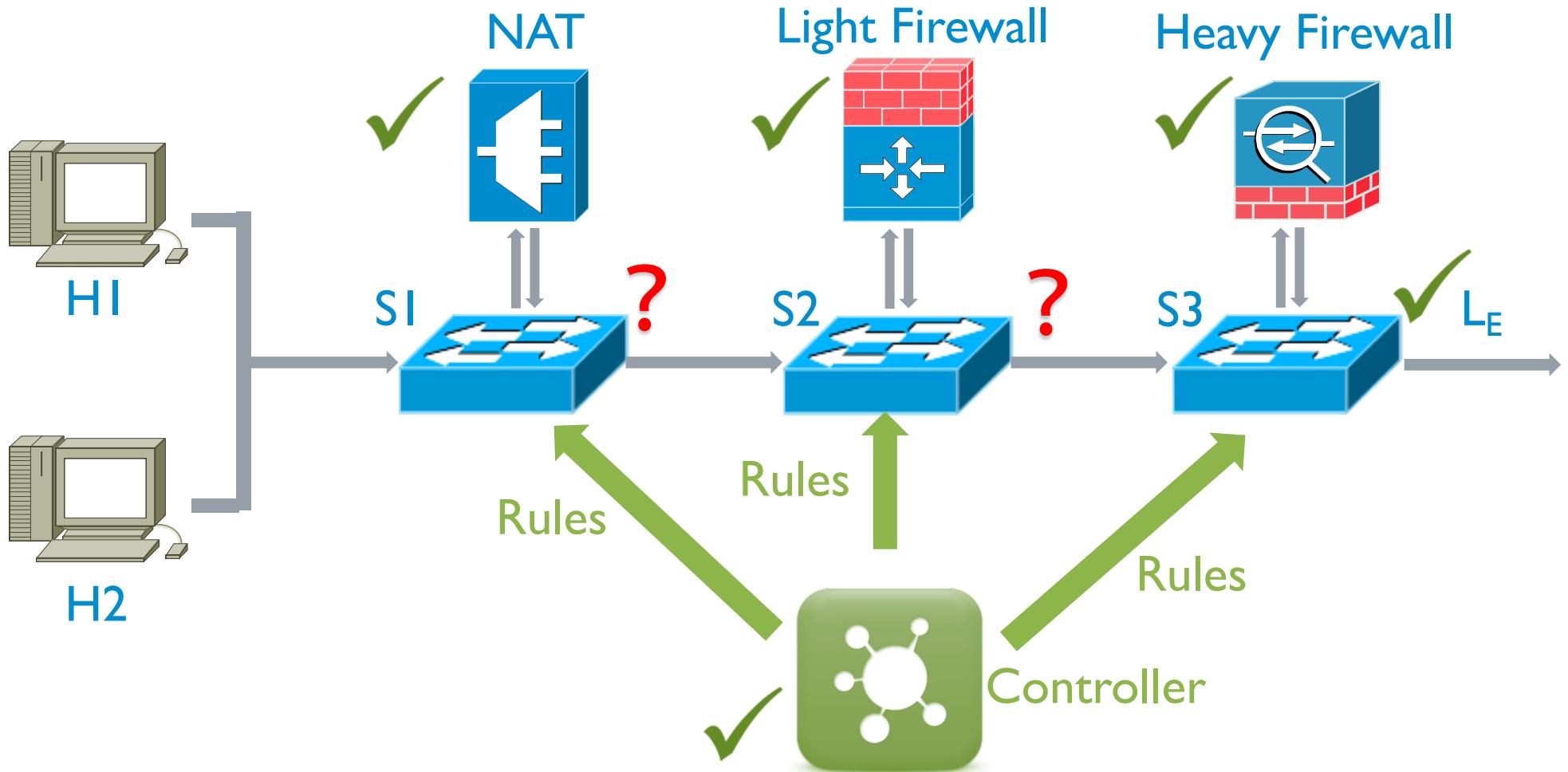
- Blinded by coward-attack
- Waste valuable control channel bandwidth

- Statistics-based Methods

- False positive (negative)
- Waste valuable control channel bandwidth

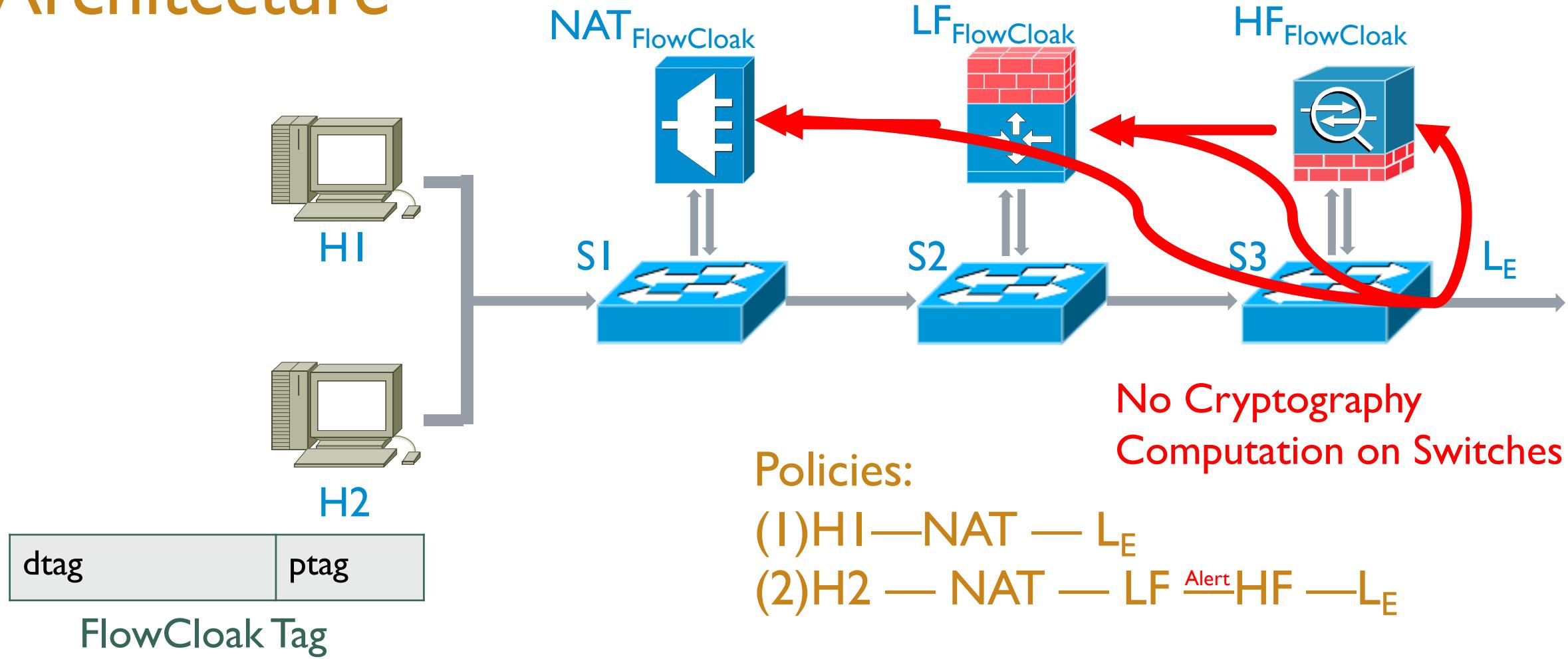
FlowCloak: Defeating Middlebox-Bypass Attacks in Software-Defined Networking

FlowCloak: Model

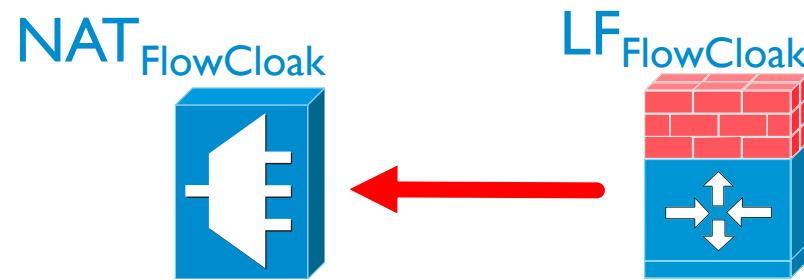


FlowCloak: Architecture

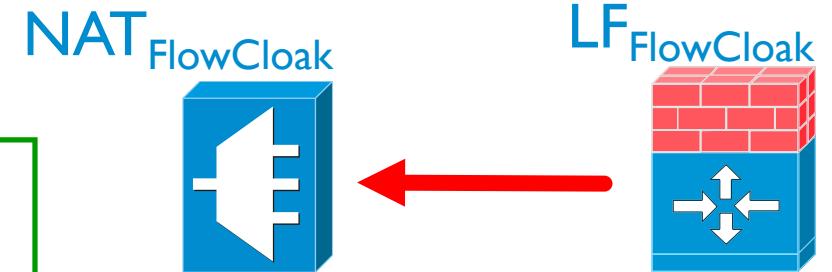
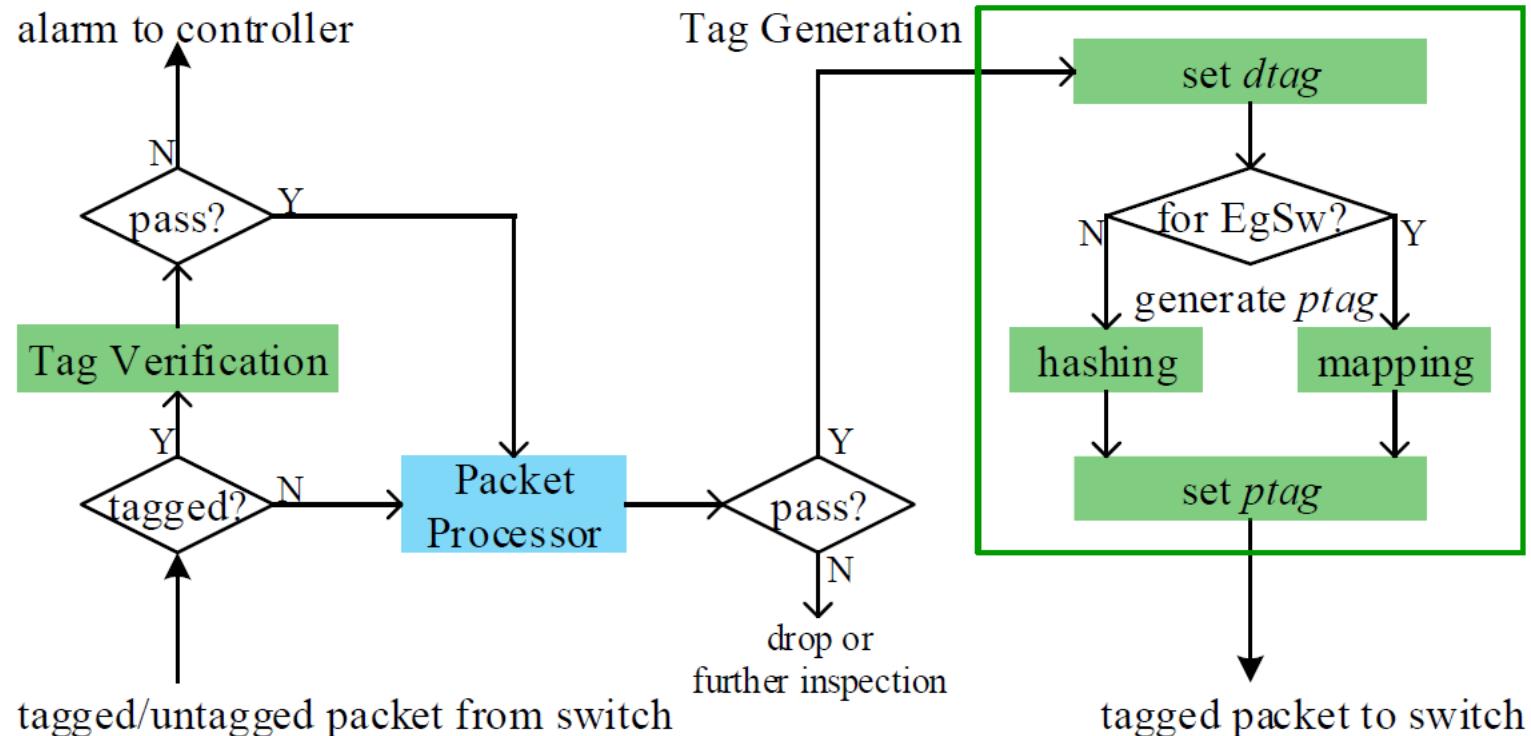
→ ptag verification



FlowCloak: Architecture

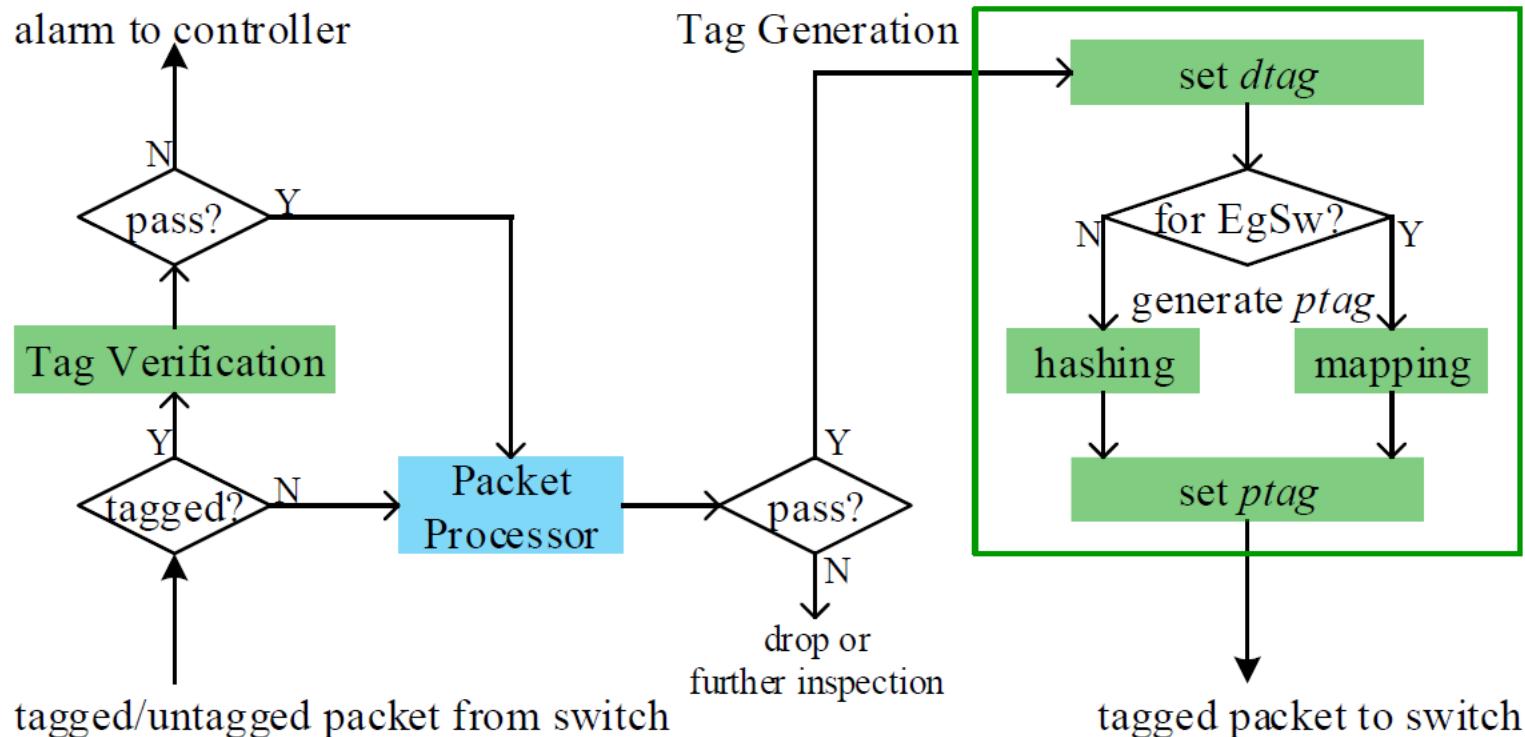


FlowCloak: Middlebox vs. Middlebox

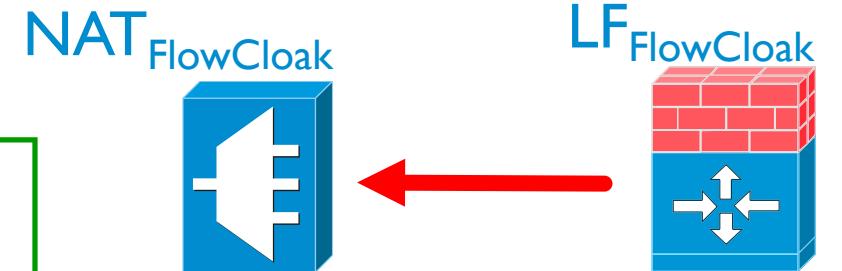


Packet Processing Logic on FC Middleboxes

FlowCloak: Middlebox vs. Middlebox



Packet Processing Logic on FC Middleboxes

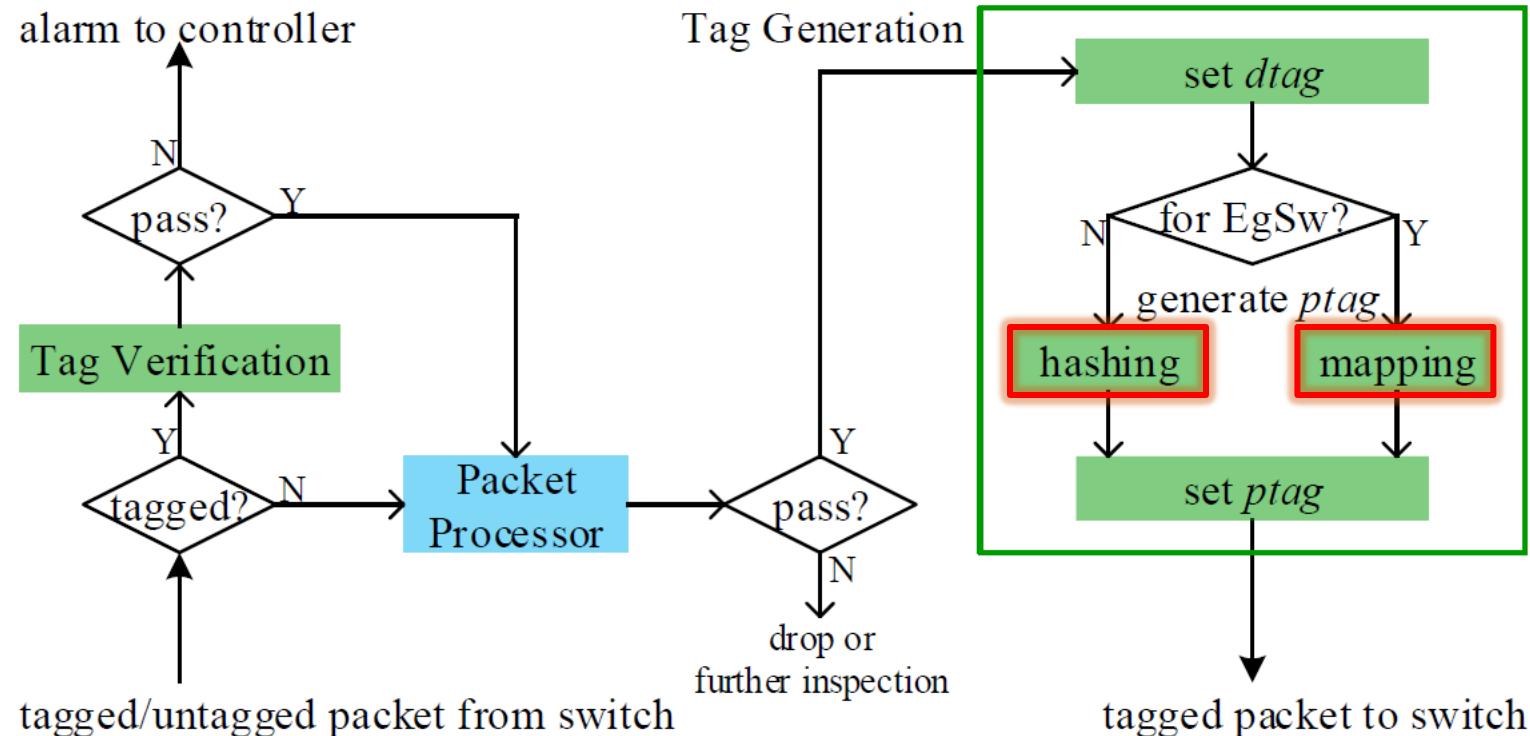


TAGVERIFICATION(P)

```

if isexist(P. dtag, dtagmap) then
    ptag' = Hash(Sample(P. Header))
    if(ptag' == P.Header.ptag)
        return TRUE
    else
        return FALSE
TAGVERIFICATION ends
    
```

FlowCloak: Middlebox vs. Middlebox



Packet Processing Logic on FC Middleboxes

TAGGENERATION(P)

```

if next_dev(P) ==
DEV.MIDDLEBOX then
    dtag = flowtags(P, self.ID,
Controller)
    writedtag(P, dtag)
    ptag = Hash(Sample(P. Header))
    writeptag(P, ptag)
else
    ptag = Map(Sample(P. Header))
TAGGENERATION ends
    
```

FlowCloak: Middlebox vs. Switch

No cryptography computation:
Simulating the hashing function
using only match-forward rules

Egress Switch Rules

Matching	Action
P.SampleDomain=0 && P.Header.ptag=1	forward
P.SampleDomain=1 && P.Header.ptag=0	forward

Hash(b)= $\sim b$:
 $\text{Hash}(0)=1$
 $\text{Hash}(1)=0$

FlowCloak: Middlebox vs. Switch

No cryptography computation:
Simulating the hashing function
using only match-forward rules

Satisfying Security means
Sufficient Rules

Egress Switch Rules

Matching	Action
P.SampleDomain=0 && P.Header.ptag=1	forward
P.SampleDomain=1 && P.Header.ptag=0	forward

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Hash}(b) &= \sim b \\ \text{Hash}(0) &= 1 \\ \text{Hash}(1) &= 0\end{aligned}$$

FlowCloak: Middlebox vs. Switch

$\text{Length}(\text{P.SampleDomain})=1$

2 rules;

...

$\text{Length}(\text{P.SampleDomain})=n$
 2^n rules;

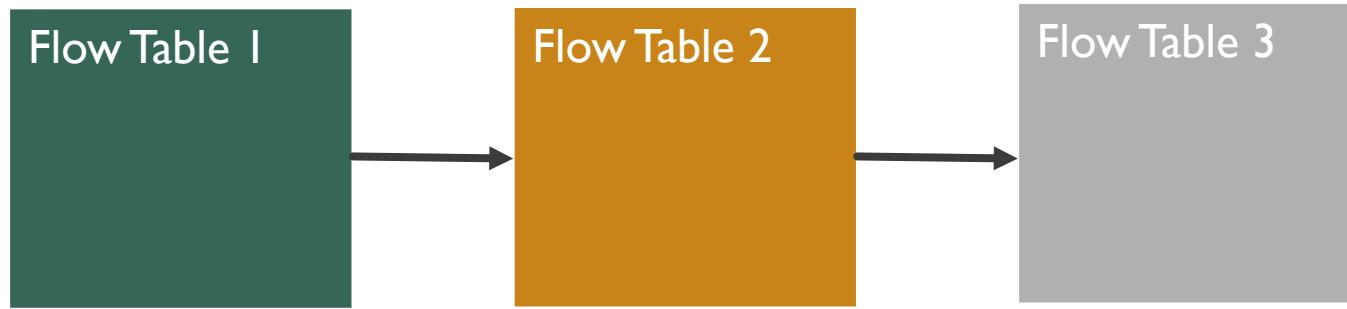
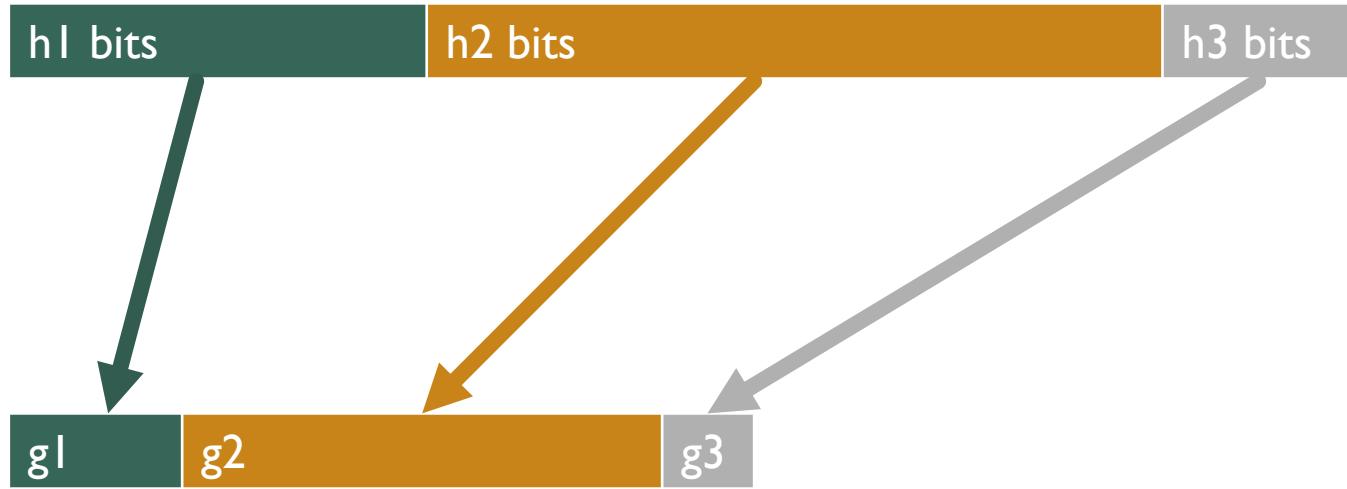
Too many rules for **limited**
TCAM capacity

Egress Switch Rules

Matching	Action
$\text{P.SampleDomain}=0 \ \&\& \ \text{P.Header.ptag}=1$	forward
$\text{P.SampleDomain}=1 \ \&\& \ \text{P.Header.ptag}=0$	forward

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Hash}(b) &= \sim b: \\ \text{Hash}(0) &= 1 \\ \text{Hash}(1) &= 0\end{aligned}$$

FlowCloak: Middlebox vs. Switch

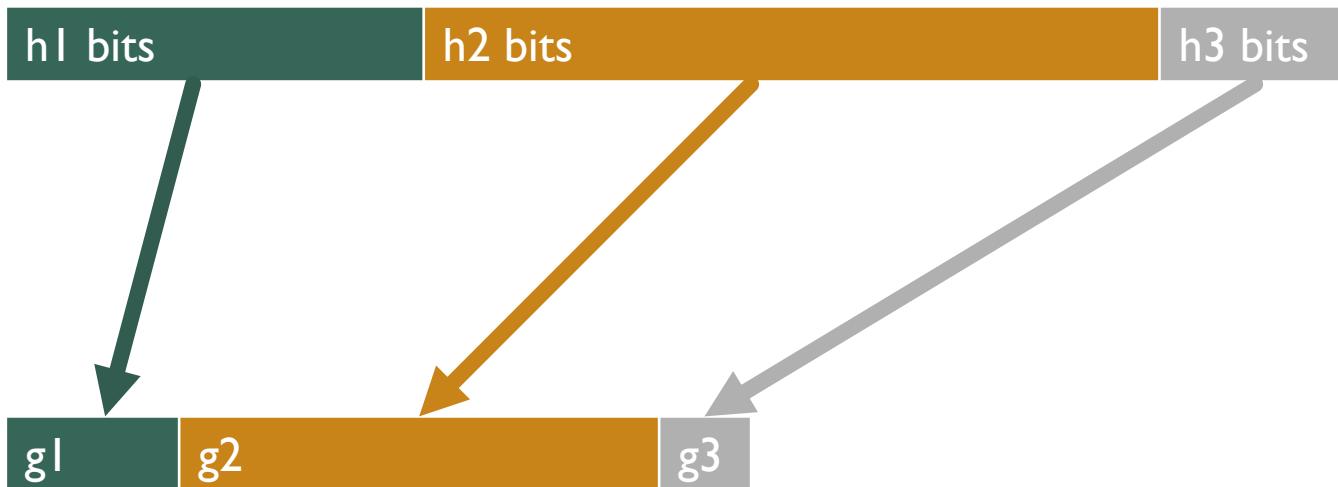


Multi-tag technology

Middlebox Side:
Multi-tag generation based
on parallel generation and
hashing table.

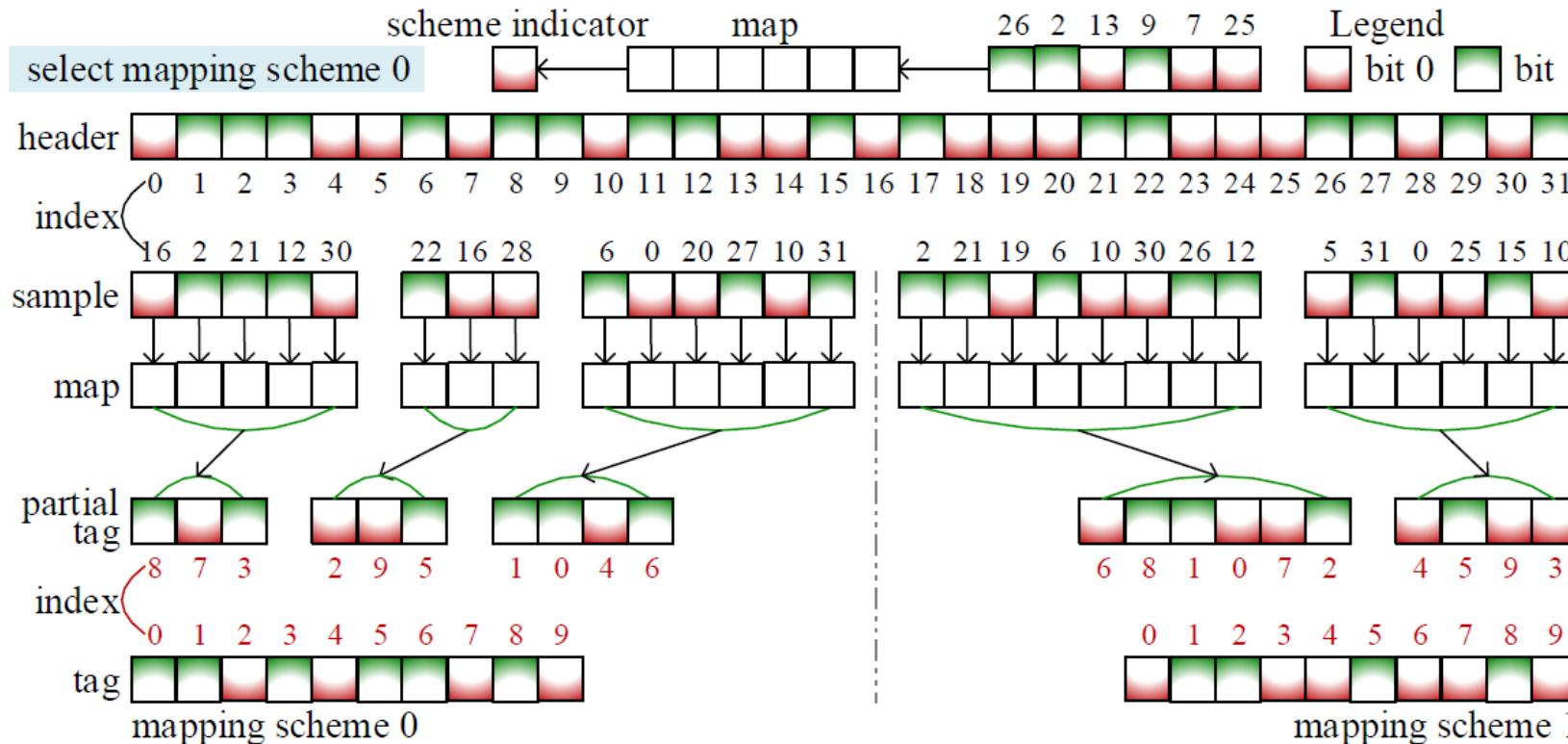
Switch Side:
Multi-tag verification using
only $\sum_{i=1}^n 2^{hi}$ rules rather
than $\prod_{i=1}^n 2^{hi}$ rules

FlowCloak: Middlebox vs. Switch



Caveat:
Each tag becomes shorter
→ Attacking each part
becomes easier?

FlowCloak: Middlebox vs. Switch



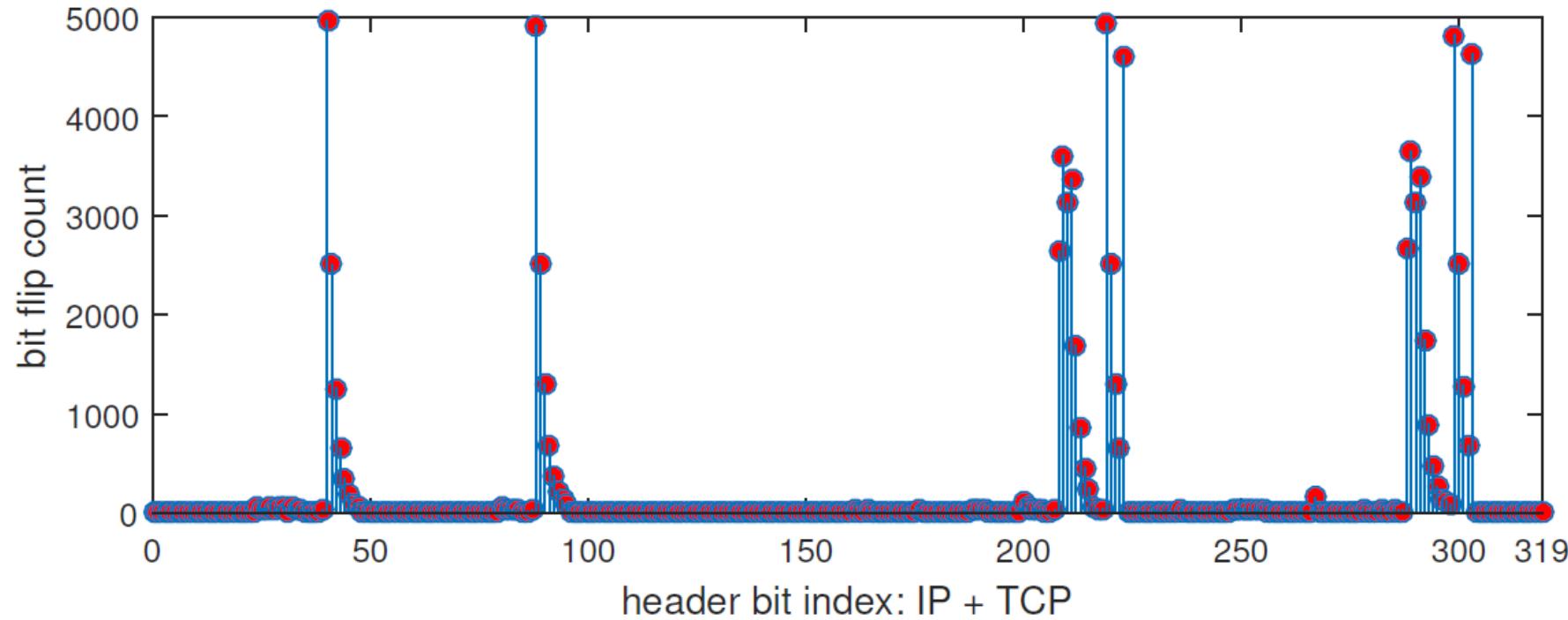
More sophisticated mapping:

multiple mapping schemes + nonconsecutive sample bits + double shuffle

FlowCloak: Evaluation -- Environment

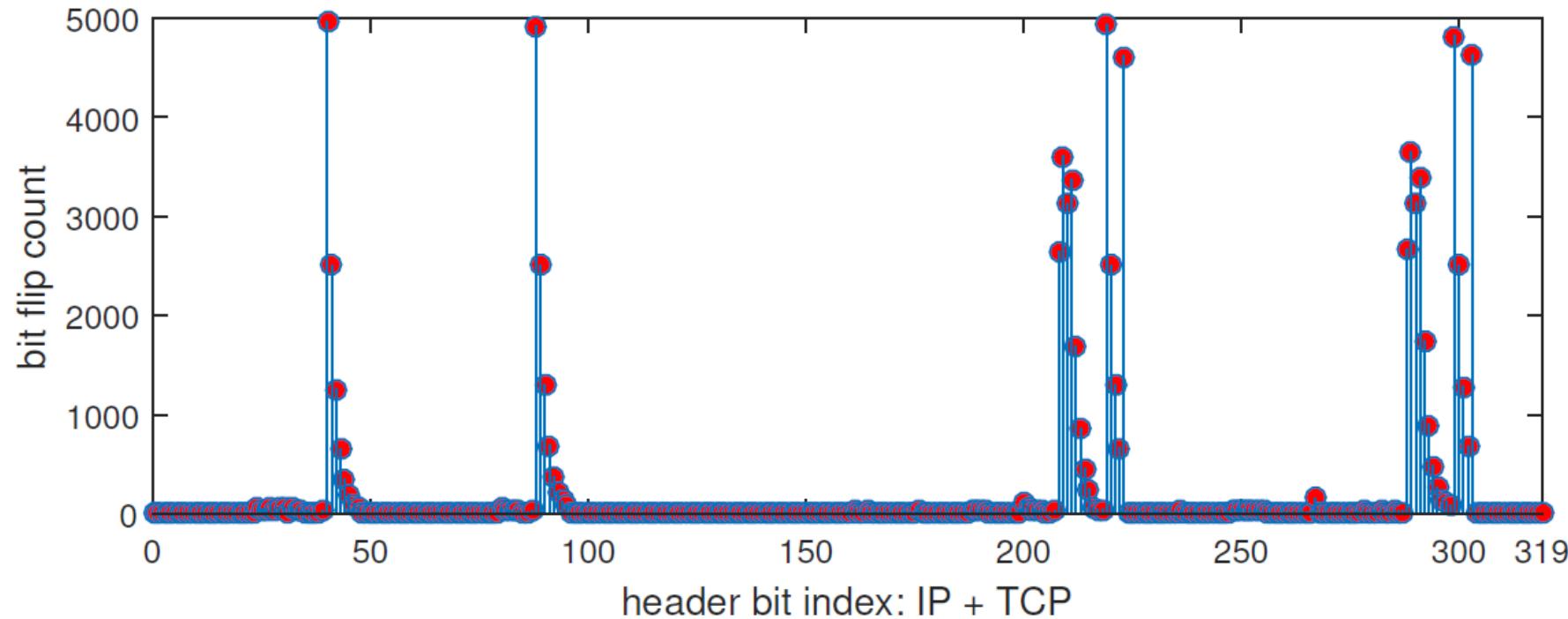
- Middlebox: Snort, 387/29300 lines of C code modified
- SDN: OpenDayLight Carbon as Controller
OVS v2.5.3 as switches
Mininet for network simulation
- Hardware: Each Snort instance is assigned with
8GB memory and 2 2.3GHz(E5-2670 v3) CPUs

FlowCloak: Evaluation -- Feasibility



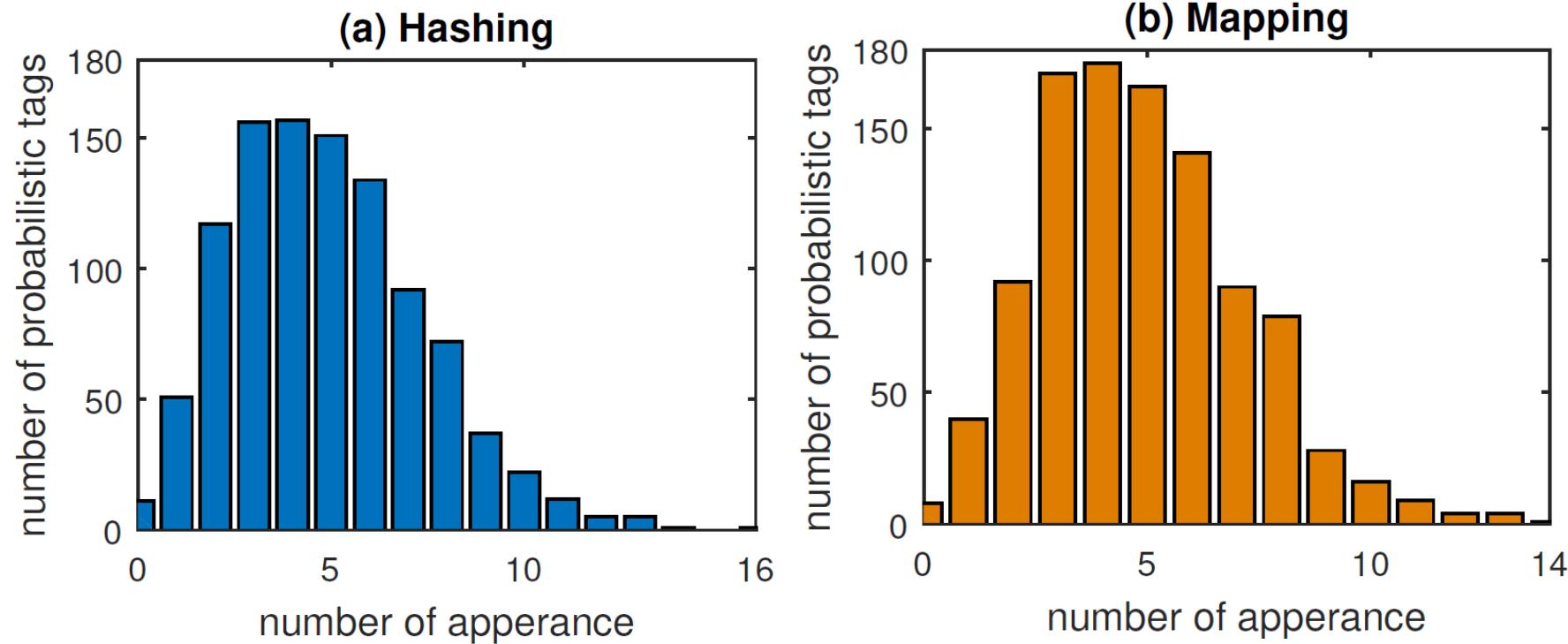
packet header dynamics in 5000 sniffed co-flow packets
Is there sufficient diversity in packet headers?

FlowCloak: Evaluation -- Feasibility



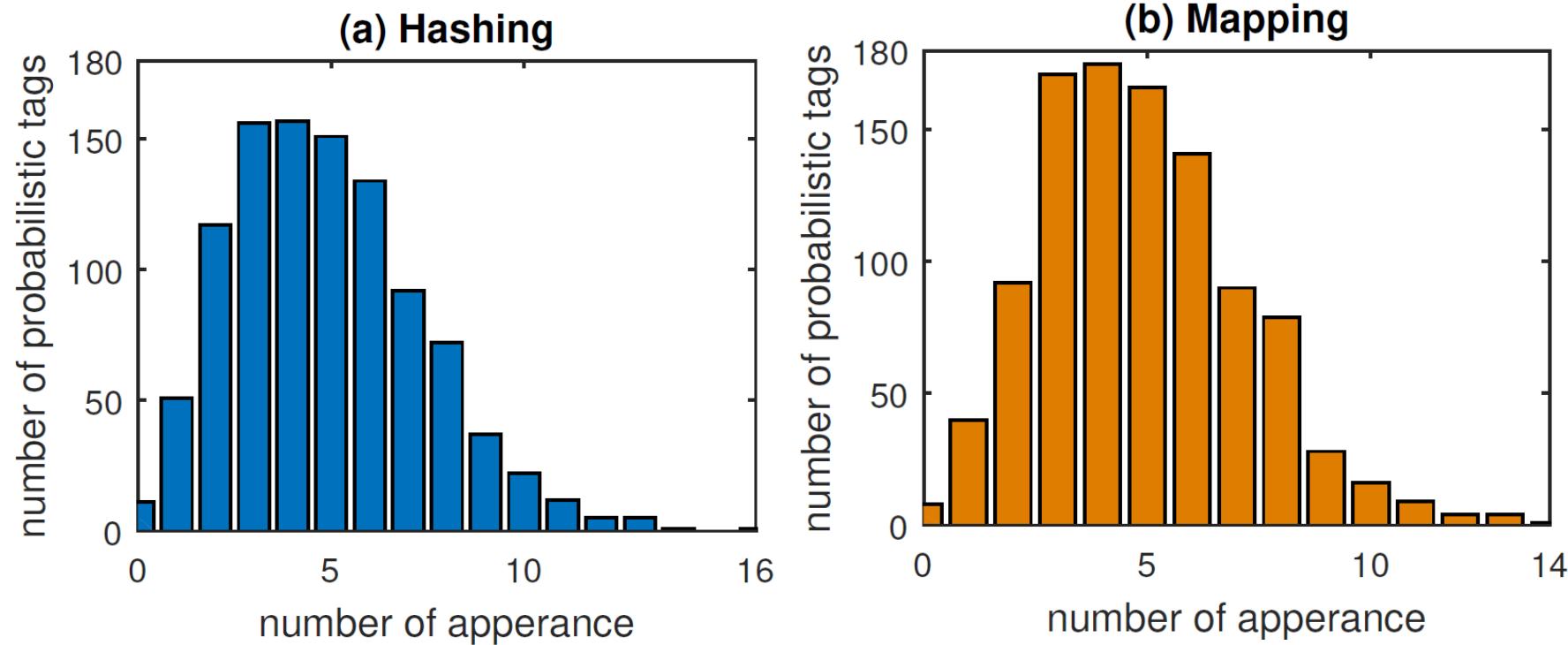
packet header dynamics in 5000 sniffed co-flow packets
Fortunately, we get enough dynamics in packet headers.

FlowCloak: Evaluation -- Robustness



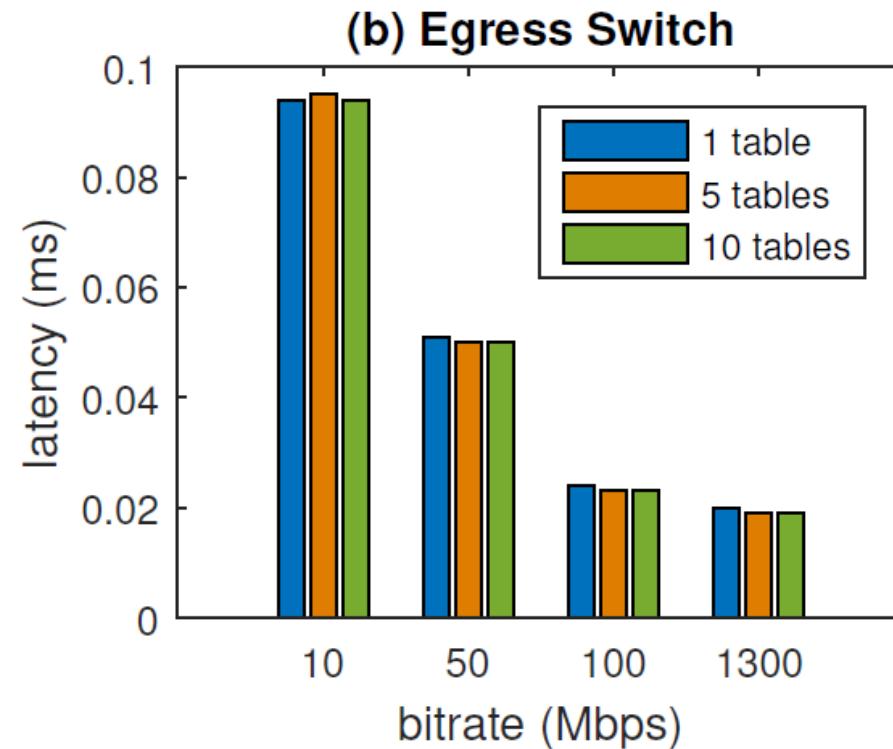
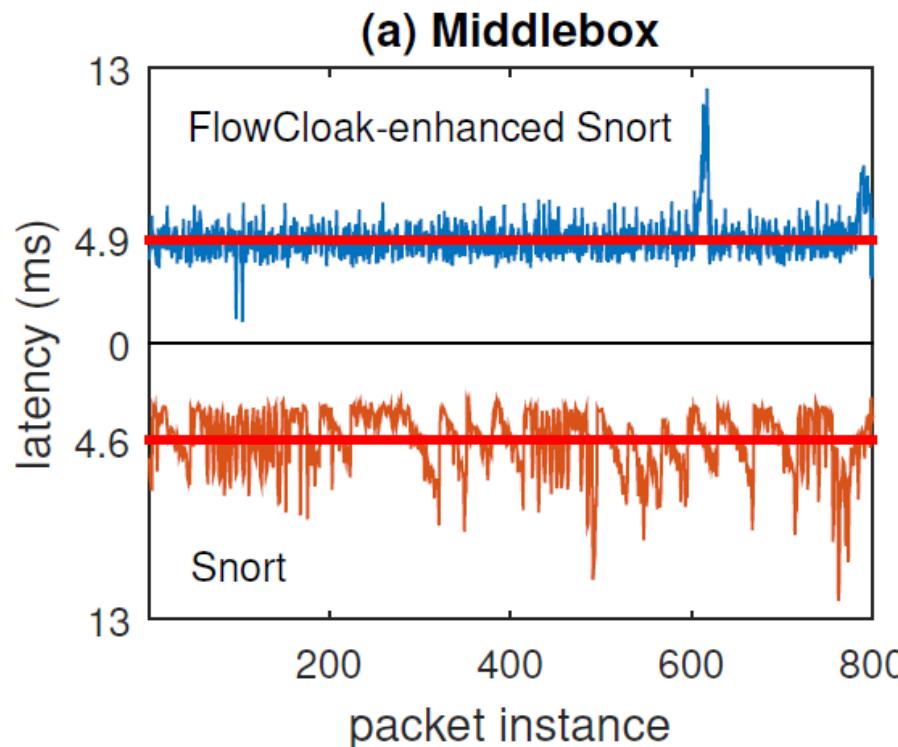
ptag distribution under hashing and mapping
Can attackers find any pattern in ptag?

FlowCloak: Evaluation -- Robustness



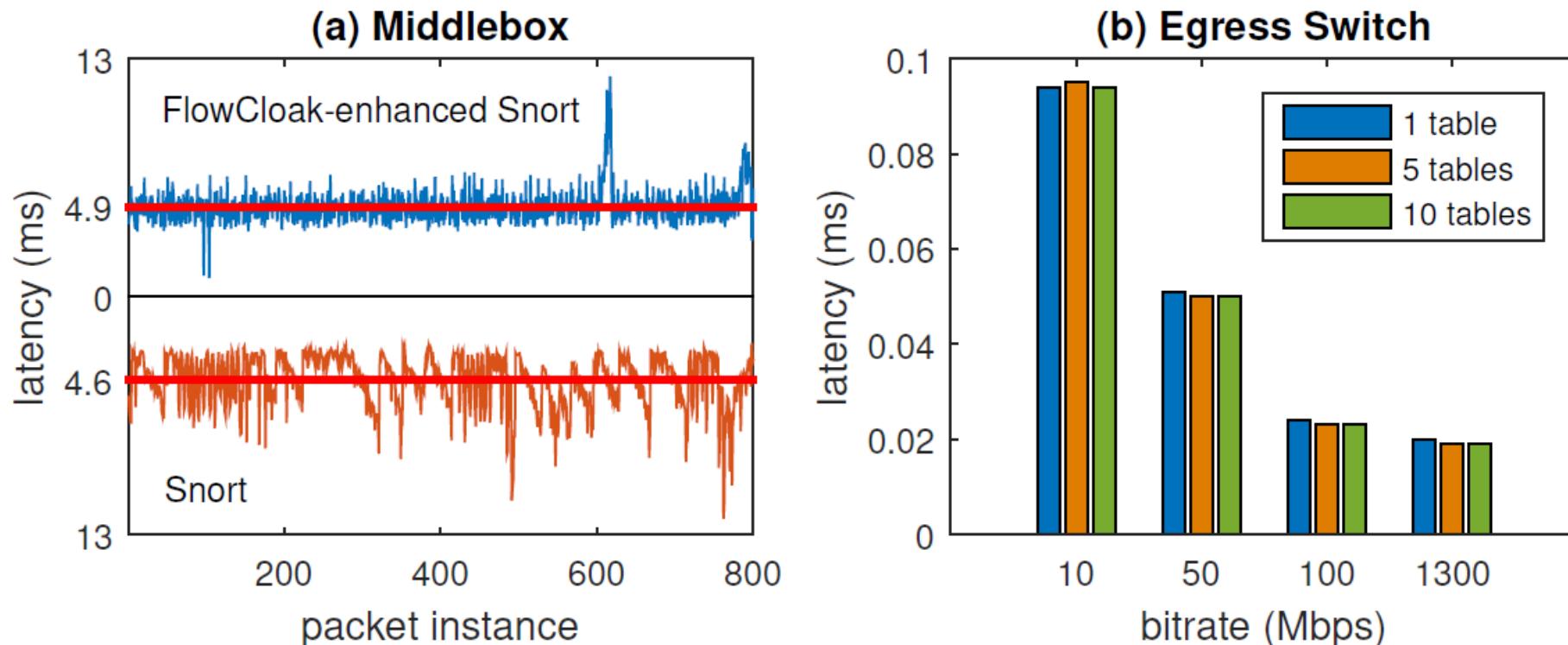
ptag distribution under hashing and mapping
Both approximate binomial distribution

FlowCloak: Evaluation -- Efficiency



overhead of FlowCloak
Is performance degradation acceptable?

FlowCloak: Evaluation -- Efficiency



overhead of FlowCloak

Latency induced by FlowCloak on Middlebox: 0.3 ms

Latency induced by multiple flow tables: no obvious delay

FlowCloak:

**FlowCloak: Defeating
Middlebox-Bypass Attacks in
Software-Defined Networking**

FlowCloak: Defeating Middlebox-Bypass Attacks in Software-Defined Networking

Middlebox meets SDN

↓
Middlebox-bypass
attacks

↓
FlowCloak & Multi-tag
technology

↓
Efficient, Accurate &
Robust

?



Thank You
ytyang@zju.edu.cn

SHOT ON MI 5X
MI DUAL CAMERA